The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1901 XL—NO 3

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio, J. H. Hu[illegible], President, H. L. McLain, C[illegible]

HARDWARE.

S[illegible] AND CO., dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, West Side Jewelry store, West Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No 5 South Erie street.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	75
Hay, per ton 12 00 to	13 00
Straw, per ton $8 00	9 00
Corn	40-42
Oats	25-27
Clover Seed	6 00-7 00
Timothy Seed	2 00
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (unwashed,)	18-18
Wool (washed)	25
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel new	40
Beets, per bushel	40
Apples	90-1 00
Cabbage, per pound	1½
Evaporated apples .08 to	10
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	16-18
Eggs (fresh)	10
Chickens, dressed	11
Turkeys, live	08½
Turkeys, dressed	12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	12½
Shoulder	09
Lard	08½
Sides .06 to	07
Cheese	12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	1 00
Middlings per 100 lbs	1 00

You cannot enjoy perfect health, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes if your liver is sluggish and your bowels clogged. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the whole system. They never gripe.—Charles W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

YOUNG MEN Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 50 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing

The Bug-a-Boo of SORE THROAT need never find lodgment in *your* family if you keep TONSILINE at hand. It cures sore throat inside of 24 hours. Is a safe and proven remedy for sore mouth in every form. Cures Quinsy and Croup. Prevents Diphtheria. 25 and 50c. At your druggist's.
THE TONSILINE CO., Canton, O.

GIRL'S BRAVE ACT.

Saved Her Father From Being Robbed.

CHASED THIEVES WITH GUN.

Heard Her Father's Cries—Ran and Opened Door—Saw Two Men Relieving Him of Valuables—Pointed the Gun, When Robbers Fled.

Chicago, April 10.—Flourishing a shotgun, Fredicka Ramsaier, an 18-year-old girl, pursued two robbers in this city and saved her father from being robbed. She was reading in the library of her home when she heard her father cry for help. Seizing the shotgun she burst through the front door in time to see a masked man kneeling on her father's chest, while a second robber was searching the victim's pockets.

Miss Ramsaier was raising the gun to her shoulder when one of the robbers looked up, attracted by the noise the girl had made in opening the front door.

"Look out, Bill; she's going to shoot," he cried in warning to his comrade, and dropping the watch he had just taken from Mr. Ramsaier, vaulted the fence into the street. The second robber followed him Miss Ramsaier started in pursuit, but the men escaped.

Christopher Ramsaier, the father of the girl, is a well-known contractor.

LAWYERS QUARRELED.

Jones Said He Told His Murder Tale Before One of Patrick's Attorneys.

New York, April 10.—A feature of the examination of Valet Jones in Tuesday's session in the hearing concerning the death of William Marsh Rice, the Texas millionaire, was a clash between Attorney Moore, who represents Lawyer Patrick, and Assistant District Attorney Osborne. The cause of the dispute was Mr. Osborne's success in wringing from Valet Jones certain testimony against Patrick. Frederick House is one of Patrick's lawyers. Previous to Jones turning state's evidence Mr. House represented the valet also. By a ruling of the court Mr. Osborne was allowed to ask the witness what he and Patrick had told their lawyer at their first interview in the Tombs. Jones replied that it was a complete confession of murder, differing not at all from his story at the hearing.

YOUNGER MAN RETAINED.

Rev. Dr. Evans Ousted After Thirty-two Years' Service.

Youngstown, O., April 10.—The resignation of Rev. Dr. D. H. Evans, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of this city, was accepted by the presbytery at Niles, and the relations between the church and the pastor severed.

Dr. Evans has been pastor of the church for 32 years, and two years ago asked for an assistant. Rev. W. H. Hudnut was engaged, and since that time there has been constant friction between the two, culminating in both tendering their resignations. That of Dr. Evans was accepted, and the other refused, by the church. The matter may be carried farther.

BIG CONTRIBUTIONS IN CHURCH.

Nearly $100,000 on Easter Sunday In Grace Church.

New York, April 10.—Rev. W. E. Huntington, rector of Grace church, has made public the fact that nearly $100,000 was collected in that church on Easter Sunday. This is the largest single collection in the history of the church.

MR. ARMOUR SUFFERS STROKE.

Brother of Late Famous Packer Very Ill In New York.

New Pork, April 10.—Herman O. Armour, brother of the late Philip D Armour, is seriously ill at his home in this city. He is suffering from a paralytic stroke sustained Friday night.

The doctor thinks the stroke not serious.

Might Be Settled Without Strike.

Cleveland, April 10.—Grand Chief Morrissey, of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, who arrived home from New York, said that notwithstanding the failure of the heads of the various labor organizations to secure a conference with Vice President Warren, he still thought the trouble on the Central Railway of New Jersey would be settled satisfactorily to all concerned without a strike.

Some Shops Were Fired.

Akron, O., April 10.—Another attempt was made to destroy by fire a number of shops in East Akron. The incendiary escaped detection. In all but one shop—that of the Standard Toy Marble company—the fires were extinguished before causing any loss. In the shop mentioned the kiln sheds were destroyed.

Woman Accused of Illegal Voting.

Denver, April 10.—A warrant was issued for the arrest of Mrs. M. A. Ratcline, on the charge of having wilfully knowingly and unlawfully voted in the wrong precinct, at the late election. She is 30 years of age and has two children.

Sold Interest In Oil Property.

Lima, O., April 10.—P. S. A. Baxter sold his interest in the Amanda and German townships oil property to Marie Bros. for about $60,000.

A STATUE TO LOGAN.

One Unveiled In Washington—Widow and Some Other Relatives Present—President One Speaker.

Washington, April 10.—The heroic bronze statue of Major General John A. Logan, representing him seated on a charger, which rests on the imposing bronze pedestal in Iowa circle, was unveiled here. Master George Tucker, a grandson of the honored warrior, pulled the unveiling cord.

The president and members of the cabinet had been escorted to the statue by a military parade, under command of Colonel Francis L. Guenther, of the Fourth United States artillery. The procession included detachments from the artillery and infantry arms of the regular army, a battalion of marines and a company of seamen from the navy yard, a provisional regiment of the District of Columbia militia, members of the societies of the Army of the Tennessee and the Army of the Cumberland, and members of the local veteran associations. Mrs. John A. Logan and other relatives sat upon a platform at the base of the monument. Mrs. Logan had been quite ill with the grip recently, but was able to be present. She was escorted by Colonel Maxwell Woodhull, who was General Logan's adjutant general during the Civil War. With her were also Thomas M. Logan, of Murphysboro, Ills., a brother of General Logan; Miss M. E. Logan, a niece; S. K. Cunningham, Mrs. Logan's brother; Logan Tucker, of Chicago, a grandson, and Mrs. Tucker; Mr. and Mrs. Richard S. Tuthill, of Chicago; Mrs. George M. Pullman, of Chicago; General F. A. Starring, of New York; General and Mrs. Blackmar, of Boston, and the personal servant of Major John A. Logan, Jr., who was with the latter when he was killed in the Philippines. The president and his cabinet and other distinguished guests occupied a flag-draped stand opposite this platform, while in another stand extending around the monument, were other guests, including many of General Logan's old comrades; representatives of John A. Logan post, G. A. R., of St. Louis, the Logan Republican club, of Brooklyn, and the Logan club, of Philadelphia. A large crowd was present, including some of Logan's comrades in arms.

General Granville M. Dodge, president of the Army of the Tennessee, who is the only living general represented in the group on the bronze pedestal showing General Logan in council of war with his commanding officers, presided over the ceremonies. He paid a high personal tribute to the dead chieftain, and after the invocation had been offered by Rev. Frank Bristol, introduced the sculptor, Mr. Simmons, to the assemblage. The statue was then unveiled amid great applause, and the Fourth artillery band rendered "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

At the moment of the unveiling a section of the Fourth artillery fired a national salute on the White lot south of the executive mansion.

President McKinley received an ovation as he was introduced, and it was some time before he could begin his remarks.

The president several times was interrupted by applause, and there was a great outburst of cheering when he concluded.

The oration was delivered by Senator Depew, of New York. At the conclusion of Senator Depew's address Senator Cullom, of Illinois, read a letter from Governor Yates, of Illinois, expressing his regret at his inability to attend and paying tribute to the love and affection in which the memory of Logan was held in his native state. Rev. J. G. Butler, of this city, pronounced the benediction.

CONLEP UNDER ARREST.

Ithica Giant Accused of Implication In a Cincinnati Murder.

Cincinnati, April 10.—Mike Conley, a former pugilist, and known as "the Ithica Giant," was arrested charged with being implicated in the murder of a telegraph operator, Charles D Gildea, who died from the effects of a fractured skull received in a fight in Bob O'Brien's saloon early Sunday morning. On the advice of his attorney, Conley refused to testify before Coroner Schwab.

David Satchwell, a waiter, testified that he saw Conley strike Gildea. Bob O'Brien, the proprietor of the saloon, denied Satchwell's statement, claiming that he led Gildea to the door, and that he saw no one strike him. The coroner completed the taking of the evidence and announced that he would render his decision later in the week. Conley claims he is innocent. He says he was in the saloon at the time of the fight, but denied that he hit Gildea.

Man Mysteriously Murdered.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 10.—Adam Rhoads, a well-known man of Parsons, was mysteriously murdered by being stabbed in the back. He was going home with Mat Cooper and had left him at a corner. Cooper says he watched Rhoads walking down the street and when about a hundred feet separated them a man ran up the street and struck Rhoads down. Cooper ran to his friend and the murderer disappeared. Rhoads died in a few minutes.

Block Coal Miners' Strike.

Indianapolis, April 10.—The national executive committee of the United Mine Workers telegraphed the committee of miners at Brazil last night that it could not advise them to sign contracts unless the powder question should be eliminated. This telegram was read at a joint meeting of miners and operators at Brazil and caused an adjournment. The operators refuse to recede. A strike is now on and a long lockout is predicted.

HONORS TO LOOMIS.

Scorpion Fired Salute As He Sailed.

MUCH RESPECT SHOWN HIM.

Some of the Better element of Citizens at the Station at Caracas. Also Members of the Diplomatic Corps There to Bid Him Goodbye.

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, April 10.—via Haytian cable.—Mr. Francis B. Loomis, the United States minister to Venezuela, sailed from La Guaira on the United States auxiliary cruiser Scorpion, which fired a salute in his honor, the American vessels in port saluting with their colors.

MINISTER LOOMIS.

When Mr. Loomis left Caracas, the capital, the railroad station was crowded with people representing the best classes of the inhabitants, showing the esteem in which Mr. Loomis was held. The whole diplomatic corps also assembled at the station and expressed sympathy with Mr. Loomis. Many Porto Ricons whom Mr. Loomis had saved from military service were at the station. They presented him with an address. The private railroad car in which Mr. Loomis traveled was filled with flowers. No minister ever left Caracas with more marked tributes of respect.

THE OPENING UNRUFFLED

Bulls Again Secured Control of the Stock Market Tuesday—Some of the Features.

New York, April 10.—The opening of the stock market Tuesday morning was quiet and unruffled, with no important pressure to sell and with many notable advances, induced by the demand of the shorts to cover. Before the day was over the bull leaders had recovered their full control of the situation and were marking up prices and attracting large following. There was very palpable manipulation and there were carefully organized operations to support the market. Commission houses which were prominent in bidding up stocks and which have acted for large speculative interests all through the recent bull campaign were free lenders of money below the rate offered by the banks at the same time that they were buying stocks. The rumor of the Burlington deal was rehabilitated and had apparently not lost any of its pristine force, although official confirmation was still conspicuously lacking. There was revived credulity in many other rumors, which have already done good service, including that of the supposed readjustment of General Electric's capital and the Southwestern railroad merger. The settlement of internal dissensions in the American Smelting company, the advance of the price of refined sugars and the absence of any engagements of gold for export by today's steamer were all used with effect by the bulls.

Advances reached 6 points in Burlington, Rock Island and Northwestern, 3½ in Northern Pacific, 4 in Texas and Pacific, 4 in Chicago and Eastern Illinois, 3½ in Metropolitan, 3 in Western Union, Consolidated Gas 3½, Amalgamated Copper 4, Sugar 2⅝, United States Express 5½, Rubber 4½, the preferred 8½, and the majority of the principal active stocks from 1 to 2 points. Only in one or two cases were the gains fully maintained, reactions running from 1 to 2¾, but the market was vigorously supported again and the closing was irregular. There was much less calling of loans on Tuesday than Monday, and this called attention to several causes for special pressure in Monday's money market. Tuesday's clearing house statement disclosed the enormous total of exchanges of $437,852,980, which is over $12,000,000 in excess of the largest previous day's record in history of the clearing house. The general activity of the stock market Monday had something to do with this, but the settlement growing out of the clearances in the contracts to deliver the United States steel stocks when issued was a special factor. This involved the adjustment of transactions in over 900,000 shares, being the total of all the transactions since these contracts to deliver had been dealt in. The preparation of the certificates of the United States Steel stocks made possible actual deliveries, so that operators whom the clearings showed to be long of the stock found themselves called upon Monday for a settlement.

The bond market was moderately active and irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,085,000.

U. S. old 4s, coupon, advanced ¼ cent on the last call.

RAVENNA SCARED.

Drunken Man With Nitro-Glycerin the Cause

RAVENNA, O., April 10.—[By Associated Press]—A drunken man, with sixty-four quarts of nitro-glycerin in a wagon, caused a stampede on the main street of the city yesterday. He drove down the street over the curbing, bumped across the Pennsylvania railroad tracks, but with no serious results. He then turned around and drove back up the street. People ran in every direction, many starting for the woods. He whirled around again, when his buggy grazed a two-horse wagon on the street, after which he continued his journey. He came from the Scio region to shoot an oil well in Rootstown and got drunk while his horses were being fed at noon. A message was sent to Kent, the first town west, to look out for him.

THREATEN TO STRIKE.

Five Hundred Carpenters Idle in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—If the contracting carpenters do not grant the requested advance of five cents an hour, the entire body of union carpenters of this city threaten to strike within a few days. Already five hundred carpenters are idle because of the refusal, and their brethren, who number about one thousand three hundred more, may join them. At a meeting Monday of the carpenters' union many of the men advocated a strike as the quickest manner of a settlement of the question between employers and employes. The men demand 32½ cents an hour.

FIFTY CANAL BOATS.

To be Propelled by Electricity on the Miami & Erie.

COLUMBUS, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—The state board of public works, the governor and the attorney general yesterday approved the bond of Thos. N. Fordyce in the sum of $25,000 to insure the state against expenses of the equipment of the Miami & Erie canal for electric propulsion of boats, and Fordyce can now proceed with his equipment. He has given a contract for fifty boats to cost $1,200 each. He is bound to tow boats owned by other parties for such taxes as the state board sees fit to fix.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

George W. Wilhelm, of Justus, a Candidate for a Second Term.

George W. Wilhelm, of Justus, in another column of this paper, is announced as a candidate for nomination for state senator, second term, to represent the Twenty-first district, comprising Stark and Carroll counties. No Republican has ever been refused the nomination for a second term in this district, and for this reason, among many others, the friends of Mr. Wilhelm feel confident that he will win at the primaries on May 4. Mr. Wilhelm has been a lifelong resident of Sugarcreek township, and for twenty-two years served the people of that township as justice of the peace; in 1887 he was elected as state representative by a majority of 119, only two other Republicans on the ticket being elected; in 1889, the year of the great Democratic landslide, when Campbell, for governor, carried the county by 1,100, Mr. Wilhelm was defeated for re-election by 590. In 1895 he was returned to the House by a majority of 2,400, a vote which made his election almost unanimous. As justice of the peace, member of the house of representatives and state senator, he has served his constituents faithfully, and his integrity has never been questioned.

YOST—GRAHAM.

A Pretty Wedding in Duncan Street Wednesday Morning

The marriage of Miss Lilian Graham, of the city, and Mr. Thomas Owen Yost of New Berlin, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Graham, 40 Duncan street, at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning, in the presence of twenty-five guests. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. M. Roberts, rector of St. Timothy's church. The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers. The bride wore her traveling gown, a tailor made suit of green cloth, with hat to match, and carried white roses. Dinner was served immediately after the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Yost left for the West on an afternoon train. They will be gone a week and on returning will take up their residence in New Berlin.

Mr. Yost is stenographer and bookkeeper for the wholesale saddlery house of W. H. Hoover, at New Berlin. Mrs. Yost is organist at St. Timothy's church.

FIGHT ALL SUMMER.

Operators Remove Pumps, but the Strikers Remain Firm.

T. F. Geltz, of the Ridgway Burton Coal Company, stated today that the drawing of the pumps at the mine on the Conrad farm had been commenced Other operators say they will shortly do the same thing. The striking engineers, however, remain firm. They say theirs is a just cause, and that they will fight all summer.

WASHINGTON NEWS

Coaling Station Located in Mexico.

CLAIMS AGAINST CHINA.

They Amount to Half a Billion Dollars and More May be Added—Evil Results Follow the Abolition of the Canteen.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—The first United States coaling station to be located on foreign soil has just been completed at Pichalinqui, on the west coast of Mexico, and the collier Alexander is now taking on 5,000 tons of coal at Baltimore to stock this latest acquisition of the navy. The station is on California bay, at the end of the long peninsula which juts down from California, and is known as Lower California, although it is an intergal part of Mexico.

The navy department has under consideration the appointment of a board of officers to visit the Philippines and map out the extensive work in connection with the establishment of a new United States naval station with a large drydock at Olongapo, on Subig bay, which will take the place of the old station at Cavite. At present there are no drydock facilities except at Hong Kong and in Japan, and the naval officials are desirous of having docking facilities on our own territory.

Information which has come to Washington from the army posts in different parts of the country indicates already that the effect of the abolition of the army canteen has been the opposite to what was expected by those who insisted on the provision being inserted in the last army bill. Drunkenness and disorder have increased at the army posts. Officials of Washington and the members of the societies who urged the change and reside at the national capital have been given an opportunity of observing the operation of the law at the post near here. Neatly worn paths lead to the groggeries just outside the government reservation, and one of them which had been closed down has again opened for business. The law prevents the opening of a new place until after six months' notice has been given. Several prospective "joint" owners have taken steps to establish new places. Conditions here are aggravated somewhat by the fact that the post is the scene of recruiting for a part of a new cavalry regiment organizing under the new bill, and the men are not thoroughly disciplined. Luxuries formerly obtained through the fund created by the canteen are no longer obtained by the soldiers.

The cabinet, at its meeting yesterday, gave some attention to the subject of indemnity to be required of China, it being brought forward by Secretary Hay, in connection with Mr. Rockhill's dispatches, received since the last meeting. Great surprise was expressed at the enormous total of the claims, which, being all before the ministers at Pekin, approximate the vast sum of half a billion dollars. Moreover, at least one of the powers insists upon keeping the account open until it elects to withdraw entirely from Pekin at a remote date, to be fixed at its own will, thereby leaving the total of its claim to be increased greatly hereafter. The opinion of the other cabinet officers completely accorded with that of Secretary Hay as to the desirability of securing a reduction of the claims.

STOLEN GOLD.

The Bars Valued at More Than Twenty-two Thousand Dollars.

NEW YORK, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—The bars of gold stolen from the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse were valued at $22,750. It is not known how entrance was gained to the specie room, which is a strong box-like vault. A great quantity of other gold was in reach of the thieves. The gold stolen was shipped by the City National Bank of New York.

INSANE ASYLUM ON FIRE.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—A fire at the Central insane asylum at 3 o'clock this morning was soon controlled, with but slight damage. All the patients were removed in safety.

HEAVY FIRE LOSS.

RICHMOND, Va., April 10.—[By Associated Press]—The retail dry goods store of Julius Meyers' Sons was burned today loss not known. The stock and fixtures were insured for $180,000, the building for $10,000.

COUNTING THE BALLOTS.

NEW YORK, April 10.—[By Associated Press]—Owing to a delay in counting the ballots, nothing will be done regarding the strike on the Central Railway of New Jersey for two days.

BRICKS OF FRUIT PULP.

Newest Addition to Pantry Stores of American Housewives.

EXPERIMENTS ARE PROMISING.

California Manufacturers Have Hit Upon a Novelty That Secretary Wilson Says Is Excellent—Will Soon Be Manufactured In Large Quantities For Home Consumption.

Bricks made of fruit pulps done up in oiled tissue paper are the latest wrinkles of Yankee ingenuity, says a Washington special to the St. Louis Republic. These bricks are reported to be hard, compact and well nigh imperishable.

California people have been experimenting along this line for some time, and the problem is almost solved. In a little while there will be enough on the market for home consumption, and after that large quantities will be sent to Europe.

"These fruit bricks retain their freshness for a surprising length of time," says Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. "They are all but proof against deterioration, being perfectly good and fit for use 18 months or two years after being manufactured. About the consistency of a soft gum drop, they are decidedly toothsome, and, the pulp being mixed with a large percentage of sugar, they hold the flavor of the fruit admirably.

"Fruit pulps are already being prepared in this shape in France, and though as yet we are not manufacturing them commercially there is every reason to suppose that before long we shall make and sell them in great quantities to foreign buyers.

"We are a great fruit raising country, and an immense market invites our fruit products abroad. As yet we have not taken proper advantages of our opportunities in this direction, but I have learned much lately on the subject, and I have urged successfully upon congress the advisability of increased appropriations for pushing our fruit trade in foreign countries."

Strawberry bricks, raspberry bricks, plum bricks, currant bricks and gooseberry bricks will soon be on the market for domestic consumption as well as for export. Being almost like fresh fruit and readily utilized by the housewife for pastry and other desserts, they are sure to earn quick popularity. Furthermore, their cost will be very moderate, manufactured as they will be in great quantities at the fruit growing centers and wrapped simply in oiled paper so as to avoid the expense of cans or other receptacles.

Not long ago a London firm of wholesale dealers in American products submitted to the British war office a number of specimens of jam bricks for the use of the troops in South Africa, pointing out the saving that would be made in freight by substituting oiled paper for glass jars, crockery pots or tin cans. The proposition was rejected because it was declared and admitted that the solidified preserve was not yet in all respects perfect.

A vast development is taking place in California and elsewhere in the United States in the manipulation of fruit pulps and jams. With a due proportion of sugar these pulps can readily be worked into bricks, for the drying of which the climate of the west coast affords most favorable conditions. One need not be very old to remember how housekeepers used to pride themselves upon the stiffness and firmness of their damson or cherry "freezes," which could be stamped out in fanciful forms with a pastry cutter and were not even sticky to the touch. Those were due to careful boiling to exactly the right point after processes of putting the fruit through fine sieves and bringing the sugar to candy. And this very thing on a wholesale scale is what American jam boilers are trying hard to accomplish.

In Great Britain especially there is a great opening for American fruit pulps and jellies. The English indeed are the largest consumers of such sweets, and it has been said that jam rather than beef is in truth their national dish.

It is an interesting fact that 400,000 tons of jam, containing 225,000 tons of sugar, the balance fruit pulp, are manufactured annually in England. The fruits are deprived of their stems in specially constructed machines, after which they are cooked in copper pans, freed from seeds and sweetened with clarified sugar. This is known as the "warm" process, adapted particularly for the treatment of unripe fruits. For ripe fruits to preserve the flavor a "cold" process is employed.

Honoring Mme. Cronje.

A half centime subscription was started in Paris last year to be devoted to a testimonial in the shape of a medal from the women of France to Mme. Cronje, wife of the Boer general. After following her husband about and enduring all the hardships of war Mme. Cronje is now a prisoner in the hands of the British at St. Helena, where the testimonial will be presented to her, says the New York Tribune. The medal is several inches broad as well as high and is made of gold. In the center is a heart with an aureola of rays of glory. It is hung on a broad gold chain and is accompanied by the subscription list of 54,000 names bound in parchment and the Transvaal colors.

Honolulu Is Up to the Times.

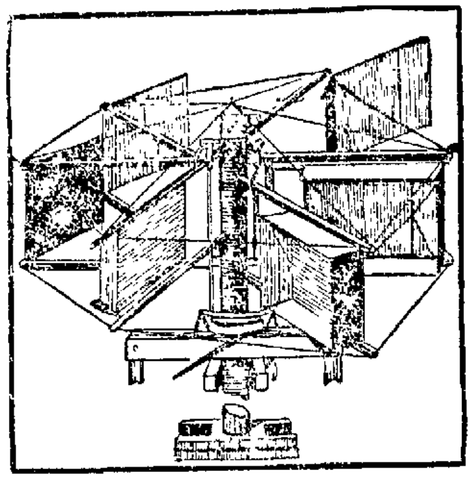
Honolulu is keeping up with the trade procession of the day. It is to have a $2,000,000 packing house establishment. The islanders will thus be able to get fresh meat without the long refrigerator plan.

BY WIND OR WAVE.

Newly Invented Motor, Constructed In a Peculiar Manner.

A novel motor, illustrated and described by The Scientific American, has just been patented by Marcin Pliszkar of New York city.

From a central driving shaft a number of arms radiate, which serve to carry vanes. Of these vanes each has one end pivotally attached to the outer end of one of the arms, so that it can swing freely. Stops are movably secured to the arms and arranged to project into the path of the vanes to bring them into driving connection with the arms. Bars are slidable transversely on the arms and are operatively connected with the stops. A collar or ring normally engages the ends of the bars, the ring being provided with alternating elevations and depressions. The collar is locked by means of a lever. A stop lever is arranged to engage the projecting portion of the lock lever to unlock the collar whenever desired. By means of this lever mechanism the collar can be made to rotate with the arms, or it can be thrown out of gear so that the bars will sink into the depressions, thereby stopping the motor.



NOVEL WIND OR WATER MOTOR.

The vanes, as our illustration shows, are of peculiar construction. Each vane consists of a rectangular frame to which a cover is secured. To this rectangular frame canvas covered side frames are pivoted so that they can fold inwardly. At the pivotal or outer end of the vanes a folding canvas covered end frame is attached and is opposed by a balancing frame likewise covered with canvas. The vanes are pressed by the current against the stops. When the vanes approach a position directly in line with the wind, they are swung around on their pivots partially by the action of the wind on the end frames. This action is counterbalanced by the balancing frame, thereby preventing the vanes from swinging around too soon. The vanes range in the direction of the wind, the several frames folding against the main frame. Against the current the vanes present a narrow edge and therefore offer little resistance, automatically preserving a direction parallel with the current until they strike the stops again.

Utilizing the Sun's Heat.

The sun's heat has been harnessed at last. Dr. William Calver of Washington has invented the necessary apparatus, according to Pearson's Magazine.

In the inventor's laboratory, or "sun power yard," as he prefers to call it, there are in all 1,600 small mirrors, arranged on frames of different sizes, the largest holding 810 mirrors and the smallest 28. Each mirror has been found capable, by actual thermometrical measurement, to reflect from 10 to 15 degrees of heat, according to the location of the sun, the angle of the mirror and the heat or warmth of the day. With all the mirrors in use, therefore, a total heat of some 24,000 degrees is generated.

In the ordinary way Dr. Culver never uses more than one or two of his mirror frames simultaneously; in fact, unless required to melt down a mountain of stone or to perform some gigantic operation of the kind, he would hardly have cause to do so. The sun rays are focused on a piece of highly burnished metal, shaped like the smooth inside of a washbasin, only much larger. A piece of wood, three feet in length and an inch across, drawn soaking from a barrel of water and thrust into the reflected rays dries in about a half second and in another half bursts into flame.

Each of the mirror frames operates a heliomotor of its own. The heat, like ice, may be stored up indefinitely, for use in cloudy weather. The heat reservoir is a round metal tank, not unlike an ordinary gas storage tank, filled with a combination of minerals and fitted with tight sliding doors. The heat is absobed by the minerals and may be drawn off when required with as much ease as beer is drawn from a cask.

Large Pupils Healthier.

Some school statistics collected with a view to testing the truth of Dr. F. Smedley's statement that the average large pupil is brighter than the average small one have been published. Seven thousand pupils were examined to obtain statistics as to a basis for comparison. The result of the examination of the comparative school standing ot strong and well formed pupils and those whose nutrition had been defective was surprising. The rule of a sound mind in a sound body was startlingly demonstrated and was proved to work with mathematical accuracy.—Chicago Record.

Comets as Prophets.

The old belief that comets portend war and disaster was not verified in respect to this bloody and floody 1900. Professor Brooks' small telescopic comet, with a train, was too small for the superstition and has now disappeared in the northern sky.

Great Grain Elevator.

The Great Northern Railway company is building at Superior, Wis., a steel grain elevator with a capacity of 2,500,000 bushels.

THE NEW JEWELRY.

Uncut Stones and Rough Gold—Colored Gems and Enamels.

We have kept a constant and almost jealous affection for diamonds of late years. Now emeralds and amethysts are coming in for their share of favor, and the paler the amethyst the more fashionable.

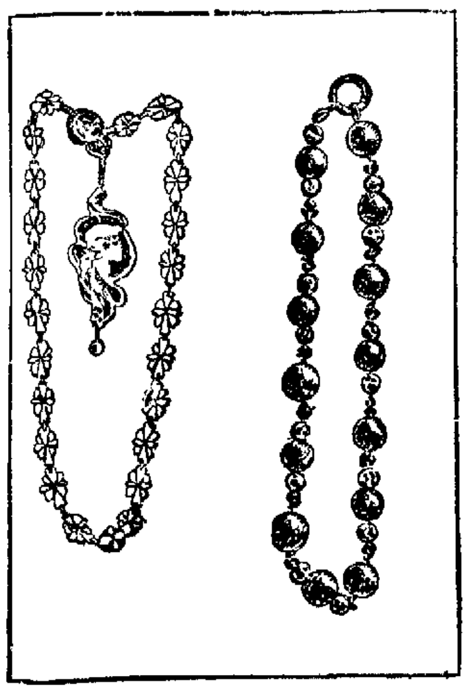
Pink coral is blended with diamonds in floral sprays, and uncut turquoises are in keeping with the enamels now so fashionable in buttons and buckles.

A good many of our necklaces—and, indeed, the neck chains—are of barbaric splendor. Some are wrought in rough gold and jeweled cabochons. These are pretty in emeralds, pearls and coral.

Flexible chains with uncut stones are promised as the height of the mode. The dog collars of pearls and diamonds are now fashioned with greater care, so that they follow the form of the throat.

Emerald pendants are often attached to diamond necklaces, and a beautiful brooch representing bulrushes is made with the heads of the bulrushes alternately of sapphires, diamonds and rubies.

The nouveau art lends itself to the production of flowers which are somewhat uncommon, such as the honeysuckle. The backs of watches in this style are made to represent sunflowers, poppies and roses, and very pretty they are.



NEWEST BRACELETS.

Pearl and diamond earrings are again fashionable.

The chain bracelet shown, with a head in low relief, represents the new art style, while the second bracelet is of the flexible kind, now in such high favor, and is effectively set with brilliants, turquoises and pearls.

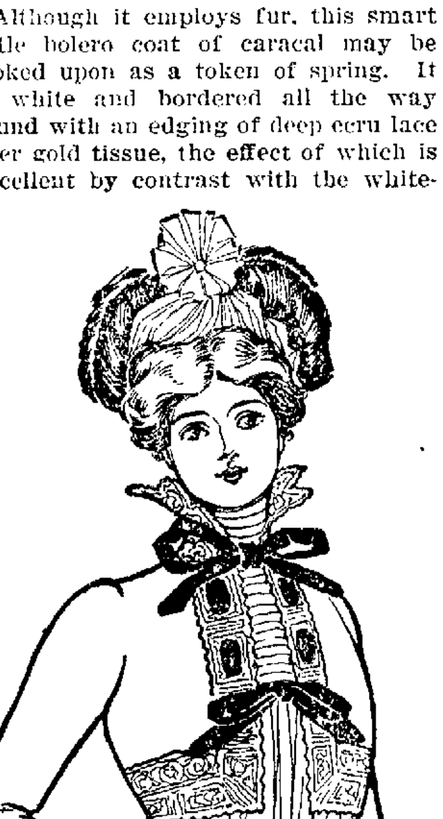
The mania for golden tags, or, as the French call them, ferrets, shows no signs of diminishing, and these additions are even being made on fur coats, which seem to be the excuse for a good many wonderful and notable ornamentations, such as enamel filigree buttons and art nouveau buckles.

Some of the dark coats have sashes of soft silk which end in metallic tags, and they hang from rosettes on evening and day bodices. Some of pear shaped pearls attached to black crepe de chine are notably stylish.

Many of the long ends of ribbon which come from either side of the neck and are secured by a slide on the front of the bodice end in enamel tags which accord with the ribbon, and that is generally chine.

A Springlike Confection.

Although it employs fur, this smart little bolero coat of caracal may be looked upon as a token of spring. It is white and bordered all the way round with an edging of deep ecru lace over gold tissue, the effect of which is excellent by contrast with the whiteness of the fur. The lace and gold tissue form a high collar and also gauntlet cuffs. At the throat there is a knot of black velvet ribbon and again at the bust, while similar touches of black appear on the gauntlet cuffs. In front also the coat is finished with loops of gold cord and gold buttons.



SMART BOLERO IN WHITE AND GOLD.

Maple Rolls.

Take one quart of bread dough when it is molded for the last raising, mold in a cup of maple sugar, one-quarter teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of butter. Let it rise and mold again and cut out, rise and bake. These are very nice.

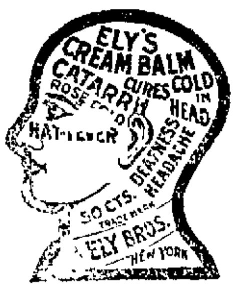
The far famed cleanliness of a Dutch kitchen cannot compare with the American kitchen cleaned with

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CURES THE COUGH.

A pleasant, never-failing remedy for throat and lung diseases.

Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup

is absolutely free from spirituous or other harmful ingredients. A prompt, positive cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness, influenza, whooping cough.

Over a million bottles sold in the last few years attests its popularity.

W. J. GILMORE CO.
PITTSBURG, PA.

At all Druggists.
25c and 50c.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn.
Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass.
Greatest marvel of the age; 12 tons of hay per acre. First crop six weeks after sowing

BILLION DOLLAR GRASS

What Is It?
Catalogue tells.

FOR 10c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Speltz (80 bu. per A.) Oats, (250 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (173 bu. per A.) Peaoat, etc. Worth $10. to get a start. H

John A. Salzer Seed Co. La Crosse, Wis.

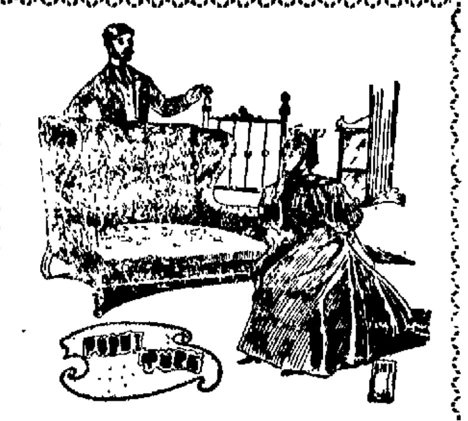
Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

The Time Has Come

For Farmers to decide whether they will put up the

PAGE FENCE

or some substitute.
All admit that PAGE is Best.
For price, address,
Thos. Lister, North Lawrence, O.



THINK IT OVER

and you'll readily see how it will be possible to

FRESHEN UP THE PARLOR AND BEDROOMS.

A chair here, a table there, to replace those worn or wearing out makes a great difference in a room

IT IS'NT

THE QUANTITY BUT the QUALITY OF THE FURNITURE

in a room which makes it artistic. We sell artistic, good strong and durable furniture at economical prices.

IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE IT,

Come and See. 10 Per Cent Discount in our **Carpet, Stove and China Departments** for a few days only. Your CREDIT is GOOD.

W. D. BENEDICT,
Complete Home Outfitter,
South Erie St.

THE INDEPENDENT want columns are giving general satisfaction. It costs but a quarter

Dinner Ware Away Down!

100-piece Decorated Dinner Set, regular price $18.00

NOW $14.39.

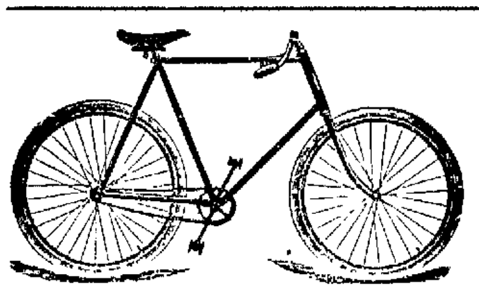
$16.00 Set now $13.39. $15.00 Set now $12.29.
$12.00 Set now $10.38. $10.00 Set now $8.19.
$9.00 Set now $6.89. $8.00 Set now $5.49.

Chamber Sets One-Fourth Off!

All ware guaranteed for 25 years. Above prices good until further notice.

Second Floor, 31 East Main Street.

S. F. WEFLER.



HELLO!

Come and see us at the new store,

The Finest Bicycle Store In the City.

A good supply of Sundries and the Latest Improvements. Now is the time to have your wheel cleaned and repaired. Work cheap for the next 30 days. Guns, Locks, Keys, Wringers, Carpet Sweeepers, Gasoline Stoves, Sewing Machines, Lawn Mowers and Umbrellas Repaired. Shears Sharpened.

Finely Equipped to Put Coaster Brakes On Any Wheel.

A fine line of Paints, Oils and Varnishes. A small line of Hardware, Gas Mantles, Globes, Rubber Hose and Fixtures, and a fine line of Cigars. Agent for New Wheels—Rumsey, Yale, O K. and Reading Standard. Come and see.

JOHN R. SMITH, 22½ W. Main St.

MASSILLON DRUGGISTS

Who Recommend Only The Genuine

Laxative Bromo-Quinine!

Imitations of Laxative Bromo-Quinine are put up under similar names, but we are pleased to announce that none of these Druggists recommend them. This signature E W Grove on every box of the genuine.

IS YOUR DRUGGIST ON THIS LIST?

(FOR CONVENIENT REFERENCE THIS LIST IS ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY.)

BALTZLY, Z. T.,
12 South Erie.

CRAIG, E. S.,
9 South Erie.

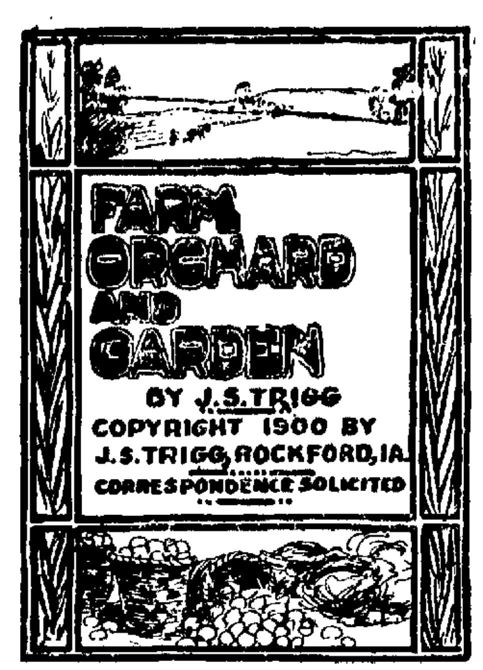
CUPPLES, C. W.,
153 West Tremont.

McCUEN'S PHARMACY,
15 West Main.

RIDER & SNYDER,
12 East Main.

SCHUCKERS, J. M.,
37 East Main.

SEAMAN, F. E., West Main.



Many Kansas farmers have the past season realized from $500 to $1,000 from the crop of broom corn grown by them.

In 1895 the exports from this country to our new island possessions amounted to only $13,000,000; in 1900 they will amount to $45,000,000.

Anyhow, plan to set out a bed of strawberries next spring, for the strawberry is the one good fruit which may be raised on almost any soil and in any climate.

The best part of a potato lies near the surface, and when it is thickly peeled and boiled more of the nutritive elements are lost than in any other method of cooking the tuber.

Astoria, B. C., reports a rainfall of 101 inches for the past season. This is nearly 8½ feet of water on a level, or a rainfall only equaled in the tropical regions of India and Central America.

Here are four of the best strawberries: Beder Wood, Warfield, Havilland and Clyde. Of these the Warfield is the best market berry. Save this item if you are thinking of planting a bed in the spring.

The southern states are much more richly endowed in the matter of climate than are the states of the north, but nature to sort of even things up has given the states of the north the better and more fertile soil.

The forthcoming report of the agricultural department will say that in relation to the serum cure for hog cholera the experiments conducted during the past year have been encouraging, but not as yet conclusive.

Oregon orchardists have found great benefit resulting from the use of dynamite to break up the subsoil where a hardpan underlay their orchard site, even going so far as to use it after the trees were well grown.

The official brand of the Danish government upon all butter exported is worth more than a cent a pound to the producer. A similar law in this country would be worth as much or more to the American dairyman.

There is reported a marked increase of hog cholera in all the hog producing sections of Europe. It makes it hard lines for Pat when "the gintleman that pays the rint" is gobbled up by the cholera instead of the landlord.

A new trick and fraud for the practice of which three men are now under arrest in Iowa is the coloring of barley with sulphur fumes or, more properly speaking, the bleaching of it. The man who puts down three beers brewed from malt made from such barley is said to be ready for any type of deviltry.

The meat products sold in English markets, whether of foreign or home production, are hereafter to be subjected to a rigid inspection. This is right, for when the Englishman buys his leg of mutton he should feel reasonably sure that he is getting mutton and not the hind leg of an old Angora goat.

Where there are enough young people in a country neighborhood so that a spelling school, a debating club or a singing school can be maintained it is well worth doing. Such gatherings afford a needed social opportunity, and if well conducted are of great benefit in developing the intellectual life of the young people.

There has been a great sensation on the board of trade in Chicago recently because one man was able to so manipulate the market that he put the price of corn up to 50 cents a bushel. Any man in the corn belt can make the bushel of corn bring him that much if he will properly feed it and will make no fuss about doing it either.

The silo makes but little headway through the country outside of the strictly dairy sections. The fact remains, however, well established that there is no method by which the corn crop can be so economically saved and fed as by means of the silo. As farm land becomes more valuable and the farms become smaller the silo will from necessity become an indispensable feature of the farm economy.

The matter of rural mail routes is going to be very closely associated with the improvement of the rural highway. It will be found the better the condition of the highways the easier it will be to secure the benefits of rural mail delivery, this for the reason that the government will pay only just so much for a service which must be of a given number of miles in length of route traveled. Thus if the roads are bad no one will be willing to serve as such carrier for the compensation paid.

A half section farm bought at $12,80 a year ago in a northern Iowa count; and leased by the buyer on a share ren paid in the crop of 1900 6 per cent in terest on the investment, the taxes—$60—and a surplus of $760, the total in come being about 12 per cent on the investment. This explains why capita is seeking investment in good farm lands rather than in securities.

It is probably a fact that if hog raisers would allow their pigs to grow to maturity naturally, say, till they are a year old, before attempting to fatten them and would use only aged and matured breeding animals the ravages of the cholera would be vastly lessened, if not entirely eradicated. This plan is being tried by enough men today who are entirely exempt from visitations of this pest to prove almost conclusively that herein lies the secret of their success. This is worth consideration.

THE BOX ELDER BUG.

We have had several inquiries about this box elder bug (Leptocorus trivittatus), the gray bug with red markings which for two seasons past has appeared in such swarms through the prairie portions of the west and northwest late in the fall. This bug belongs to the sucking and not the eating class of insects and is intimately associated with the box elder tree upon which it breeds and feeds during the summer season. The box elder tree having been largely planted as a shade tree all through the west, this pest finds plenty of congenial conditions and has so multiplied of late years as to become for a season, at least, a veritable nuisance. The surest way to get rid of the pest is to get rid of the box elder trees, as spraying or other methods would be too expensive and troublesome.

LONG RANGE WEATHER FORECASTS.

The ability to forecast weather conditions a year, six months, three months or even 30 days ahead correctly would be worth millions to the country at large could it only be done. But it can't. Some secrets Omniscience guards from man, and this is one of them. The latent and inborn superstition of man tempts him to accept the dictum of some old fakir who, after consulting a deck of cards and the stars, boldly prophesies thunderstorms and cyclones in June and blizzards in January a year ahead, gravely interpreting stellar conjunctions and lunar changes as promoters of seismic disturbances, floods and droughts. And the suckers pay their money and believe his prophetic rot. What man shall come to know about climatic changes he will find out by the aid of science and not superstition. The weather forecasts made by the government under the care of skilled scientists, limited though these forecasts be in their range, are the only reliable weather forecasts to be had.

A PROTEST NEEDED.

The farmers of the whole country should protest against the indiscriminate and wasteful use of the public funds in connection with the so called river and harbor appropriation bills. While a certain per cent of this annual appropriation is legitimate and proper enough and in the interests of all the people, there is still a large margin appropriated ostensibly for the dredging of impossible waterways and the improvement of catboat harbors, which is in reality a diversion of public money as a reward for congressional support for the legitimate objects of such appropriations. These worse than wasted funds should be directed toward the reclamation of the arid sections of the country, the conservation and economic distribution of surplus waters for the purposes of irrigation the protection of a small part, at least, of our native forests, the development of a general system of intelligent forestry for the country at large and such practical work in the line of cheapening transportation as will benefit all the people. The country is very rich in financial resources and without any just charge of assuming an obnoxious paternalism the government can most properly and rightly aid any legitimate enterprise which has for its object the reclamation of its waste lands and the creation of new homes for its people.

THE MAN WITH THE GUN.

Most every farmer knows this fellow—not the true sportsman, who will seek permission before he will raid a man's farm and who will courteously observe the rights of the farmer respecting the game which may be on his land, but the pirate and pothunter who is out to kill and slaughter every living thing not strictly domesticated; who hunts not for sport, but that he may sell his pothunting spoils. This fellow will bunch and kill the bevy of quail which you have been feeding and protecting, the red and gray squirrels which are your household pets, will cut your barbed wire fences, leave the gates open, shoot among and frighten your stock and is the very worst all round municipal nuisance which ever gets loose in the country. In some communities the farmers have organized and agreed to arrest and prosecute this pirate if he ever sets foot on their land, and this example should be generally followed. Aside from any value which game birds may have as food, they are all of inestimable value to the farmer as weed seed eaters and insect destroyers, and with the game birds we would include the hawks and owls, whose living is almost wholly obtained from the vermin pests of the farm. The presence of this wild bird life and the importance of protecting it are subjects which the farmer may well interest themselves in, and one of the most important steps in connection with the matter is the banishment of the man with the gun from their respective farms.

WHAT SHOULD HE DO?

We are in receipt of an inquiry from a young man, aged 26, of limited education, a farm worker since he was 12 years of age, a resident of an eastern state, who, having lost his parents and having about $500 and besides feeling very lonesome, would like to have us tell him what to do. We realize that it is rather a delicate business advising a young man under these circumstances and will only offer a few suggestions of general application. The best cure we know of for that lonesome feeling is to go and marry some good girl, and if he gets the right one she will see to it that he doesn't feel lonesome any more. When a young fellow is just verging into the old bachelor stage, he most always has these lonesome spells, and somewhere there is a nice girl feeling just the same way, and the cure for both is matrimony. If we were in his place, he being dissatisfied with his environment, we would pack up and move to the west, where there are much larger opportunities for the use of such talents as are possessed by this young man. He can buy a 40 or 80 acre farm in Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska or the Dakotas on long time, making a small payment down, and repeat the experience of thousands of young men who, after 20 years' work, now find themselves the owners of good farms and worth in land and chattels not less than $10,000; or he can go to the range country west of the Missouri, invest his money in heifers and at the end of ten years make as much money if he is willing to put up with the isolated and rough life of a cattle man on the range; or if his tastes run that way he can buy a few acres of land near some large town and do exceedingly well raising small fruits and vegetables, with bees and poultry as side lines. In fact, a young, ambitious and industrious fellow can find no end of opportunities to not only make a good living, but also accumulate a competence almost anywhere in the great west if he goes to work in the right way. We might add that there is no other cure than the one given for that lonesome feeling.

WHY HE MOVES TO TOWN.

The average farmer wants to move to the town as soon as he can see his way clear to live off from the farm. Why? Because he can thereby afford his children better educational advantages; because he has grown tired of milking the cows; because he is bothered about hired help; because he craves what he thinks are the greater ease and comfort of town life; because his wife would like to have a small place in the better developed social life of the town; because both he and his family may be more closely in touch with their kind and all the push and progress of the age. No one can blame him for desiring these things and making the attempt to improve his surroundings, even though such a move very often results in disappointment to him and his. As it looks to the writer, there is no one thing associated with our American agriculture which is of more importance than that of so trying to improve the conditions of farm life as to make the farm home the best home in all the world and so check this ever increasing migration from the farm to the city. All inventions and agencies which have for their object the modification or the elimination of the real objections to country life should have the hearty support of all. The improved highway, the rural mail route, the country telephone line, the consolidation of the country schools, the beautifying of the farm home, are each and all improvements in the right direction.

A FAMILY RECORD.

When a young couple gets married and establishes a new home it would be a very nice thing if they would get just a plain blankbook and enter therein from time to time such events in their home and family life as would be of interest for them to look over in after years. For instance, the advent of the little ones, the movings, visits from friends, the important business transactions—in fact, all the events of the family life fraught with either happiness or sorrow which go to make up the sum of human living. Have entries made by grandpa and grandma, let the boy and girl decorate the pages of this record with their first childish writing, let there be an entry when the baby died and the dear old grandpa went home, and never mind if these pages are blotted with tear stains. Put down when Tom got whipped for telling a big lie and how near little Ben came to getting drowned in the cistern. As the years go by, and they go by very fast, this little book will become to all the family, and especially to the father and mother, a treasure of almost inestimable value, a priceless heirloom. Suppose you try this.

A LESSENED RAINFALL.

It is frequently said that the rainfall of the Mississippi valley states is not as heavy as it was 50 years ago. A record which has been kept for 50 years at a point in east central Iowa shows that there is a good foundation for this belief. The record by decades is as follows:

	Average inches.
First decade to 1849	51.73
Second decade to 1859	48.82
Third decade to 1869	39.73
Fourth decade to 1879	34.68
Fifth decade to 1889	32.30
Sixth decade to 1899	30.66

The marked change in the volume of water in all the rivers and lakes of the Mississippi valley territory would seem to harmonize with the above record. The problem in the near future would seem to be not how to get rid of the rainfall, but how best to conserve it.

J. S. Trigg

FOR AMBIDEXTERITY.

Scientists Seriously Considering the Training of Both Hands.

According to the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle, scientists are now considering seriously the subject of ambidexterity, to which a novelist, Charles Reade, called attention in his characteristically emphatic fashion long ago.

Men are born into the world with two hands equally capable of being trained to full usefulness. But from the moment of birth the right hand is carefully educated, while the left hand is sedulously neglected. The right hand becomes expert and strong. The left hand is allowed to remain inexpert and weak. The right hand becomes a marvelously capable tool. The left hand remains little better than a useless appendage. The man goes through life handicapped—less of a man than nature intended him to be.

Scientists contend that this handicap is entirely artificial and needless, that there is no reason except tradition and custom why the hands should not be equally educated and equally "dexterous." Observed facts seem to bear out their contention. Every mother has noted that she must exercise care and vigilance to save her child from the awful misfortune of "left handedness," must continually check the child's natural tendency to use either hand indifferently, which probably means to pervert the child's inborn, correct instinct, which has survived centuries of race custom, to train both hands alike.

Another fact that is worth noting is that hosts of men have trained themselves easily, almost unconsciously, to be ambidextrous in some one particular—to pitch a ball, to strike a blow, to play billiards, to shave themselves, to write as expertly with the left hand as with the right. Is it not probable that a child allowed from its birth to follow its own instincts in this respect, free even from the influences of example, would naturally develop ambidexterity in all respects?

That ambidexterity is desirable there can be no question. Every one would be better off if he had two "right" hands instead of one "right" and one "left hand." That ambidexterity is attainable by every one seems exceedingly probable. Under these circumstances it seems rather senseless for a whole race to artificially handicap itself solely out of respect for a traditional custom, the reason for whose adoption has long since ceased to be operative.

Paint For Ships' Bottoms.

If there were a reliable paint to be had that would keep foreign growths off the bottom of steel ships and also prevent corrosion or pitting, there would not be any great necessity for coppering the bottoms, but those who have had experience in the working of ships, trading to the orient, for instance, know that this is still far from realization. In the writer's experience it often appeared that the anticorrosive paint did not prevent corrosion, and the antifouling coat failed to prevent fouling for any great length of time at least. Hence the necessity for coppering.

Several years ago the writer was connected with the engine department of a line of steamers trading between European ports and Manila and remembers that these vessels required docking, cleaning and coating every voyage. This was also the practice with Holt's tea ships and other fleets, and keen was the competition to secure the order for cleaning and coating these bottoms. It was no uncommon thing for a representative of a patent composition to place his article in competition with a rival paint by coating one side of the bottom, or even a portion of it, to show the superiority of its antifouling qualities. An acquaintance who was very enthusiastic over the superior merits of his composition painted the port bottom of a certain vessel, and on her return from an eastern voyage and before she entered the drydock he invited the shipowners to a summer resort near the dock and see for themselves the superior value of such an article as he sold. But when the dock was pumped out the starboard bottom was seen to be almost clean after a four months' voyage, while the port bottom, which had been coated with his composition, was thickly covered with barnacles and long green grass. This is no romance, and similar results may have been seen by many.—Joseph R. Oldham in Cassier's Magazine For January.

American Wealth.

In the last ten years the United States has increased its wealth $26,000,000,000, which makes the wealth of the nation $91,000,000,000. This gives an average per capita wealth of $1,195. This is not so great a per capita wealth as Great Britain's, for her figures are $1,300 for each inhabitant. But her aggregate wealth sinks into the background before ours, for she has only $50,000,000,000 against our $91,000,000,000. Her increase in wealth in ten years is $19,000,000,000, as against our $26,000,000,000. The increase in wealth in this country in the last ten years has been $337 for each inhabitant.—New York Press.

Failure of Lyddite.

The high explosive lyddite, which was used extensively by the British in the South African war, is now said to have been deficient in several important respects, and it is said that few of the shells fired from the fieldpieces exploded satisfactorily.

Darwin's Theory False?

At the recent congress of German anthropologists at Halle Professor Klaatsch of Heidelberg read a paper contending that as the result of several years' investigation the alleged descent of man from apes was no longer maintainable.

Contagious Blood Poison

There is no poison so highly contagious, so deceptive and so destructive. Don't be too sure you are cured because all external signs of the disease have disappeared, and the doctor says you are well. Many persons have been dosed with Mercury and Potash for months or years, and pronounced cured—to realize when too late that the disease was only covered up—driven from the surface to break out again, and to their sorrow and mortification find those nearest and dearest to them have been infected by this loathsome disease, for no other poison is so surely transmitted from parent to child as this. Like Begets Like. Often a bad case of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer developing in middle life, can be traced to blood poison contracted in early life, for it remains smoldering in the system forever, unless properly treated and driven out in the beginning. The Sin of the Parent. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this peculiar virus, the only remedy known that can overcome it and drive it out of the blood, and it does this so thoroughly and effectually that there is never a return of the disease to embarrass or humiliate you afterwards.

SSS cures Contagious Blood Poison in any and all stages; contains no mineral to break down your constitution; it is purely vegetable and the only blood purifier known that cleanses the blood and at the same time builds up the general health.

Our little book on contagious blood poison is the most complete and instructive ever issued; it not only tells all about this disease, but also how to cure yourself at home. It is free and should be in the hands of everyone seeking a cure. Send for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Edwin Street

Third street off Erie south of Russell & Co.'s shops. This street will undoubtedly be graded, curbed and guttered next Spring.

I have 15 Lots

on this street for sale, and I will agree to pay all curb and gutter assessments on above lots sold between now and April 1, 1901.

Prices $200 to $400.

JAMES R. DUNN,

Over 50 S Erie St

Going South?

If so, you secure many advantages by going via Cincinnati, the Queen & Crescent Route and Southern Ry. Its fast trains penetrate every part of the Central South. 24 hour schedule Cincinnati to Jacksonville and New Orleans. 9 hours to Chattanooga. 28 hours to Shreveport. 36 hours to Port Tampa. Observation, parlor and cafe cars—free reclining chairs—Through Pullmans to all important Southern cities.

Our booklets tell you the advantages we offer over other routes, and are sent for the asking. Why not write us about it?

W. C. RINEARSON, G. P. A., CINCINNATI.

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THE BEST MADE. ALL STATIONERS SELL THEM.

Send 10 cents for 12 assorted pens.

THE ESTERBROOK STEEL PEN CO.
26 John St., New York.

Pan-American Route

Between CLEVELAND and BUFFALO.

STEAMERS CITY OF BUFFALO AND CITY OF ERIE.

Both together being without doubt, in all respects, the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

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Leave Cleveland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 5 p. m. Arrive Buffalo 5:30 a. m.
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All Central Standard Time. Orchestra Accompanies Each Steamer.

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

Ask ticket agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet. SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT. ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND.

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Remember

Our pharmacy contains every article pertaining to an "up-to date" DRUG STORE. The purest and best drugs and pharmaceutical preparations, the finest Perfumes, the most modern Toilet preparations, and an immense stock of Toilet Soaps and Toilet requisites.

RIDER & SNYDER,

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DAILY EXCURSIONS

TO CALIFORNIA

Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year from Chicago.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

Every Thursday from Chicago.

Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road, Finest Scenery.

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest agent, or address W. B. KNISKERN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
[illegible] N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON,

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

The Evening Independent is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1901.

According to a computation based on the McKinley vote last fall, Stark county will be represented at the coming state convention by twenty-six Republicans. The convention will be the largest ever assembled in the history of Ohio, consisting of 1,081 delegates.

The organization of the "billion dollar steel trust" has moved the officials of the treasury department to compute unofficially the amount of revenue which the government will receive from the organizers of the concern through the process of organization as affected by the war revenue. The law is clear on all points involved and it needed but little computation to show that the new steel trust will have to make a one million dollar contribution towards the support of the government.

The Anti-Imperialist League has received another blow. The deported editor of the Manila Bulletin has replied to their telegram inviting him to come on and address a large anti-imperialist meeting at Boston, by saying that he is not against the administration and "can only tell the truth." In other words, while Editor Rice may be opposed to the conduct of certain officials in the Philippines, he, like other Americans who are on the ground and know what they are talking about, upholds the course of the administration in the islands. His reply was enough for the "antis." No wonder they quickly cabled back: "Probably better not come."

Great Britain has taken much pride in her boot and shoe industry, and justly. Her manufacturers have made excellent goods at moderate prices, but apparently American manufacturers have learned to beat them at their own game. As the Board of Trade Journal says in its comment on the inroads of American boots and shoes into British market: "It means either that the American made article is cheaper than the British-made one, or that it is of better quality. Why this state of affairs should be possible is not at first quite clear." Our own manufacturers know, and the explanation is, boot and shoe making is one of the oldest of American protected industries.

Philip King says in his weekly financial and commercial report that if what can be called "big crops" again come to us, we shall have, as certain as the sun shines, a business boom that will be limited only by the ability of the resources of the country to finance it. As bearing upon the prices that will probably be received for what we have to sell of agricultural staples, it is interesting to note that owing to our enormous exports of corn in previous seasons and to the increased use of this grain by farmers for feeding stock, there are now comparatively small supplies of it on hand, and that its price has risen considerably. It seems to be reasonably certain that whatever the corn crop turns out to be next fall a fairly high price for it is assured.

The American Economist this week calls attention to the annual report of the labor commissioner of Connecticut, which shows that in that state there are 1,400 distinctive manufactories which produce 2,346 different articles. One of the most potent arguments in favor of protection, as the policy of this country, has always been that it would bring about the diversification of industry, and thus afford to the largest possible number of individuals opportunity to make use of varying and individual abilities and to gratify individual tastes in respect to the choice of occupation. The report of Connecticut's labor commissioner goes to show to what pre eminent extent this claim has been justified. Says the Economist: "One hundred years of protection have raised us from a nation without any manufacturing interests to a nation which can show within the confines of a single one of its forty-five states 1,400 separate manufactories, producing more than 2,000 distinctive articles."

Frank Mason, the efficient consul-general of the United States at Berlin, sends to the state department a remarkable expression by a German authority upon the conditions of prosperity in the United States. Speaking of many industrial lines in this country which are showing great progress, and the threatening danger from American competition, the opinion concludes:

"We must fight Americanism with its own methods; the battle must be fought with their weapons, and wherever possible their weapons must be bettered and improved by us. Or, to speak with other and more practical words, Germany-Europe must adopt improved and progressive methods in every department of industry; must use more, and more effective, machinery. Manufacturers as well as merchants must go to America, send thither their assistants and workmen, not merely to superficially observe the methods there employed, but study them thoroughly, to adopt them, and wherever possible to improve upon them, just as the Americans have done and are still doing in Europe."

Charles R. Flint, president of the American Ordnance Company and organizer and promoter of half a dozen other trusts, in an address before the industrial commission this week gave some remarkable testimony concerning the big industrial combinations with which he is connected. Speaking of the relations of trusts and labor unions Mr. Flint said that none of his companies had ever had any trouble with their employes. There had never been a strike threatened and he thought this was the best evidence that the trusts and the labor unions were working in harmony. Wages had never been so high as since the formation of trusts and he gave it as his opinion that the latter helped and stimulated labor by guarding against overproduction and were less likely to be under a money pressure, so that in times of depression it was not necessary to shut down the manufactories and throw thousands out of employment. Another statement of Mr. Flint's which cannot be gainsaid was that present relations between labor and capital are due in a measure to the prosperity of the times, the high rate of wages paid and the plentitude of work. And present prosperity is largely due to the legitimate industrial combinations which are responsible for a large percentage of the export trade and hence for the large balance of trade in favor of the United States.

COAL OPERATOR'S CARD.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

Your issue of April 9 contained an article on the engineer strike situation which is unwarranted by the facts. It is true that one of the pumps at Woodland mine (operated by this company) broke down and required some repairs which could not be made without assistance. Mr. Legg was communicated with and very readily gave his consent to permit our striking engineers and pumpers to assist in making the repairs.

There was at no time any danger of the mine being flooded, as, the reserve pumps were amply able to keep the mine free from water. M. Legg's statement that this company's representative at the mine reported that the company was willing to grant the demands of the engineers, is not founded on facts.

This company has no representative at the mine authorized to make any statement. Our employes at the mine deny having made any assertion which could possibly be construed as reported. Mr Legg is no doubt using the accident to the pump to bolster his already weakening forces. In conclusion will say this company proposes to stand by its guns, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

J. C. STREETER.

A NEW OUTING CLUB.

The Erection of Quarters at Zoar Soon to be Begun.

The Mollie Stark Outing Club, composed of fifteen members, which owes its existence largely to the efforts of Orlando Martin and Peter Scharles, has purchased a piece of ground near Zoar, and on Thursday George Curley and assistants will leave for that place to begin the erection of a summer house. The building is to be 40x16 feet, its rooms arranged to accommodate several families at a time, and it is to be fitted with all the comforts and conveniences known to life in the woods. The structure will be suspended across a ravine. In this ravine bubbles a spring, famed for the medicinal properties of its waters, and it is the intention of the association to connect the house with the spring by means of an old-fashioned windlass and bucket. The building will face the canal and river, and will be located west of Zoar, about a five minutes' walk from the railway station.

Speaking of the wonderful spring, Mr. Martin declares that its water as a remedy for ills of the stomach is unexcelled. "When we are fishing or camping in that neighborhood," said he, "every man of us can eat anything and everything, and it,s all because we drink lots of that water. At home stomach trouble prevents some of the party from eating much of anything."

There is another spring in the vicinity whose entire product is bottled and marketed in Cleveland at a fancy price.

Caught a Dreadful Cold

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery, at 1658 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend to my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Rider & Snyder and E. S. Craig.

Velvet rubber heels make walking easy. Recommended by physicians to cure nervous troubles. Put on by Hermann R. Hintz, over Miller's jewelry store, South Erie street. Open evenings.

TELLS A NEW STORY

Arrested Hun Says He Shot His Brother.

THOUGHT THE GUN EMPTY

The Coroner Hears the Evidence of the Various Witnesses and Decides to Place It in the Hands of the Prosecuting Attorney—It is Almost Certain that the Shooting was Accidental—One Witness Says He Saw the Prisoner Shoot

The name of the Hun who was shot and killed at the North Mill street boarding house of William Coshinski, Monday morning, is now thought to have been Saigot. Billick was probably his first name, though some of his friends declare that he commonly went by the name of Michael. Others say that he was called John. For convenience the name was accepted as Michael Saigot. The brother of the dead man, who was arrested on suspicion Monday afternoon, is referred to in the coroner's papers as John Saigot. With the names, so have the stories of the various persons changed. Yet there is plenty of evidence, so the officers think, to show that the shooting was accidental, though there is still some doubt as to who did the killing.

On Monday the prisoner gave the impression that his brother had committed suicide. Later, to Marshal Kitchen, he said that he had killed his brother accidentally. Mrs. Lawrence Green, of Summit street, a native of Poland, being able to speak both German and the prisoner's language, was engaged as interpreter for the coroner's inquest, which was held in the mayor's court room Tuesday morning. The prisoner was calm Tuesday morning, though he had not slept during the night. He told a connected story to Mrs. Green, who translated it into German, from which it was again translated as follows:

"When we found the revolver on the table my brother asked me to show how it would shoot. I did not know that it was loaded. I pulled the trigger two times, and it did not shoot. Then I pulled it again, and it did shoot. My brother was standing across a table, looking at me. When I tried to shoot the gun, he turned a little, and that is how the bullet came to hit him on the back of the head. I had never handled a revolver before, having never seen one before except in stores. I am 37 years old, and my brother was 24."

The revolver, when found by the officers, contained but one empty cartridge. As the pistol is self-acting, the officers cannot understand how the trigger could have been pulled three times before a discharge took place. Two of the cartridges, however, show slight marks, as if they had been struck lightly by the hammer.

Mrs. William Coshinski testified that the two brothers, her husband and two others were in a room together Monday morning. About 9 o'clock she heard a shot, and rushing into the room saw Michael Saigot lying dead on the floor and his brother bending over him, attempting to raise him. Soon the brother came to where she was and said, "I have killed my brother; now I shall kill myself." Mrs. Coshinski stated that the revolver belonged to her husband, and had been placed on the table ready for instant use in case of a return of rioters from Patagonia, who had called Sunday night.

William Coshinski stated that he and two other men were standing at one side of the room. The Saigots were standing by a table talking about a revolver. He heard one say, "How do you shoot with it?" and the other answered, "I'll show you." Then a shot was heard, and Coshinski said he turned and saw the man falling, his brother trying to hold him up. The revolver, he said, was lying in the same place that he had left it. He could not say which of the brothers had the revolver when it was discharged. The prisoner, after the report, called out, "My brother! my brother!" and then fell in a faint. There had been no trouble between the brothers to his knowledge.

George Praigst testified that he heard the deceased say to his brother that he should show him how to shoot with a revolver and that he saw the brother take the weapon, point it toward his companion and fire. He said he did not think the brother knew the revolver was loaded.

Other boarders at the Coshinski place were also examined. They added no evidence to the foregoing. Coroner Shuffele ordered that the prisoner be detained until the prosecuting attorney shall have returned to the county, when he will place the evidence in his hands. It is not thought that a prosecution will result, as the shooting was undoubtedly accidental, but the coroner said that he had not the authority to order the discharge of the man.

BROKE HER LEFT ARM.

Mrs. J. B. Davis, Aged 70 Years, Has a Bad Fall.

Mrs. J. B. Davis, residing in Washington avenue, broke her left arm, near the wrist, by a fall at her home Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Davis had raised herself upon a chair in order that she might reach some dishes from an upper part of a high cupboard. She lost her balance, and in going down threw out an arm to break her fall. Mrs. Davis is 70 years old.

Queen & Crescent Southern Ry. and Plant System is 100 miles shortest, Cincinnati to Florida.

NEW APPORTIONMENT.

New Legislature will Have 143 Members.

COLUMBUS, April 8.—[By Associated Press]—The legislative apportionment of Ohio, under the new census, was completed by the commission composed of the governor, secretary of state and auditor of state. Lucas county is created a separate senatorial district, and four new joint legislative districts are created. The next legislature will consist of 143 members. Based upon the vote for McKinley last fall, the new senate would consist of 24 Republicans and 9 Democrats: on the Nash-McLean vote, 20 Republicans and 19 Democrats Based on the McKinley vote last fall, the new house would consist of 81 Republicans and 38 Democrats.

WAS IT SUICIDE?

J. Billock Dead, His Brain Pierced by a Bullet.

BROTHER UNDER ARREST

"I'll Show You How to Shoot," the Arrested Man is Reported to Have Said to Billock, and at the Same Time Pressed the Revolver to the Latter's Head and Pulled the Trigger.

It is supposed that John Billock, aged 24 years, a Hungarian, committed suicide at 9 o'clock Monday morning, at the home of William Coshinski, of 572 North Mill street. Billock and his brother were together in a room examining Coshinski's pistol, which they had come across in a drawer. A shot was heard, and at the same time a voice crying in the Hungarian language, "My brother is dead!" "My brother is dead!" Coshinski rushed into the room, and found Billock lying dead upon the floor, a gaping wound in his head, just back of the right ear.

Coshinski is a Hungarian, but he also speaks English and German. He says he asked the brother of the dead man for an explanation, but that he could not make out from what he said whether Billock had turned the revolver upon himself purposely, or whether the cartridge had been discharged accidentally. Constable Bamberger, thinking that the deed had been committed outside of the city limits, went to the Coshinski place at 10 o'clock, and his investigation did not satisfy him that it was a case of suicide. He got the impression that there were four persons in the room at the time of the shooting, while others have been told that there was no one besides the two brothers. The fact that the revolver was found on a table, he thinks, indicated that it had been laid there. He considered it extraordinary that the weapon should have been there if the man had killed himself. The pistol is a 38-caliber.

The brother of the dead man is apparently beside himself with grief. He rushes frantically about, tearing his hair and muttering continually. Besides Billock, six Hungarians boarded with Coshinski. None of them can speak a word of English. They are all employed at the works of the Massillon Iron and Steel Company. Coshinski works in the quarries of Warthorst & Company. Coshinski, immediately after the shooting, went to the Heck saloon, in the neighborhood, and Marshal Kitchen was telephoned for. The marshal did not think it necessary to make any arrests, though he locked the room in which the shooting had taken place, leaving the body where it was found, and forthwith summoned the coroner.

Coroner Schuffele felt warranted in ordering the arrest of the dead man's brother. He will hold an inquest in the mayor's courtroom at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Marshal Kitchen says that Coshinski told him that he was in the room at the time of the shooting. The marshal gets the idea that the revolver was in the hands of the dead man's brother, who playfully pressed the muzzle against Billock's head, saying, "I'll show you how to shoot." The discharge of the weapon, he admits, may have been accidental.

So far as can be ascertained, there had been no quarrel between the brothers. There was a general row at the place Sunday night, however, the police being called thither to quell it. No arrest was made at that time.

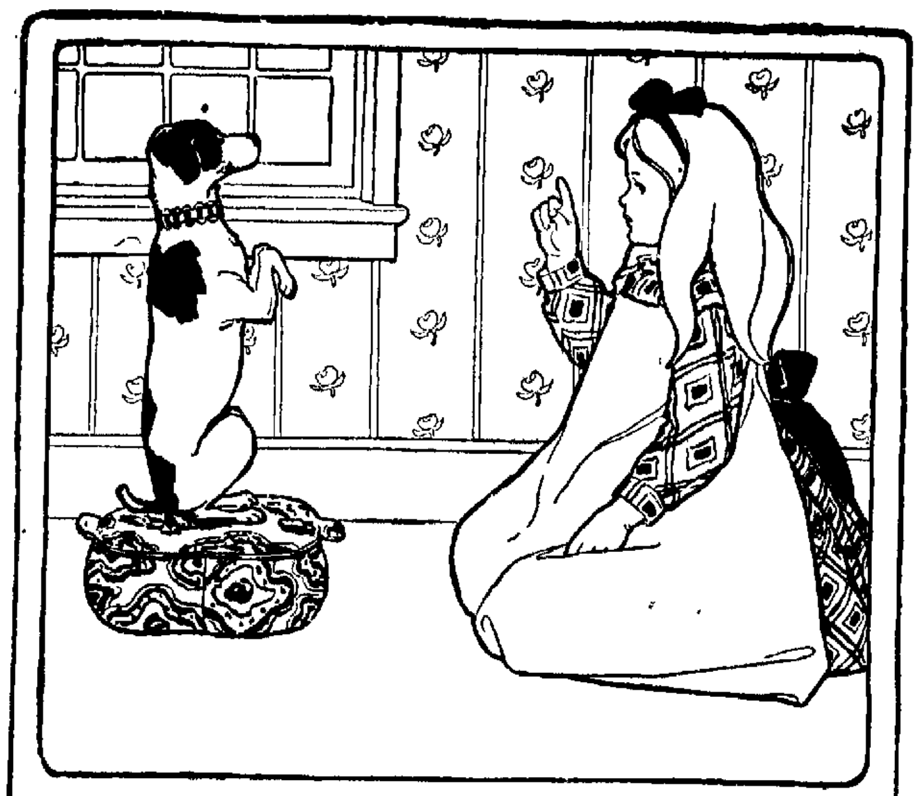
Coshinski says that Billock was often melancholy. He was very homesick. He leaves a wife in Hungary.

The Holland Submarine Boat.

All of our readers are familiar with the Holland submarine boat, with which it is possible to go about completely under water. If the enemy have a big warship lying in a strongly fortified harbor, the boat can be submerged and make its way to the ship, place a powerful explosive under it, and blow it to pieces without appearing above water. While this boat secretly destroys ships of the enemy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters likewise attacks and overcomes dangerous diseases. A few doses will give relief in any stomach, liver or blood disorder. The Bitters not only cure the sick, but prevent the well from becoming sick. It should be taken by all who need a strengthening tonic.

Skin troubles, cuts, burns, scalds and chafing, quickly healed by the use of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is imitated. Be sure you get DeWitt's.—Charles W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

24 hours Cincinnati to Jacksonville and New Orleans, Queen & Crescent route and Southern R'y.



THE TRICK.

A TRICK may involve deceit or it may be a display of peculiar skill. There is deceit in some soaps, but there is none in Ivory Soap; it is a display of peculiar skill. It will stand any test and can be relied upon to do all that is claimed for it.

IVORY SOAP IS 99$\frac{44}{100}$ PER CENT. PURE.

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AS FIRM AS EVER.

The Engineers will Continue the Strike.

A MINE NEARLY FLOODED.

Water was Rising in the Woodland, but the Miners Would Not Enter Until Informed by Legg That They Could Consistently do So—The Situation in General.

President Robert Legg, of the miners' sub-district organization, who is in the city today, says that at the close of their meeting at East Greenville, Monday, the engineers were more determined, and unanimously so, than at any previous time to stand firmly for an eight-hour workday and a wage scale of from $1.90 to $2 15. He states that the meeting was attended by more than thirty engineers.

The question arose as to whether engineers offered the concessions demanded should return to work. It was decided that to do this would be unfair to the miners, as the few mines in operation would receive all the orders while the others would be idle. It was asked whether the companies not connected with the operators' association were bound by this rule, but no action was taken in regard thereto. The general feeling of the engineers seemed to be that in such cases the men should work.

The Woodland mine, operated by the Wainwright Coal Company, Sunday, owing to the failure of the pumps to work properly, became flooded, and there was danger of the water rising to a point where immense damage to the works would result. Miners refused to go down the shaft to assist in repairing the machinery, unless authorized so to do by the officers of the union. President Legg was sent for, and he unhesitatingly told the men that it would be right for them to go down the mine, as there was no disposition on the part of the organization to cause damage to the plants of their employers. "We were told at the time," said Mr. Legg, "by the company's representatives at the mine that they were willing to grant the demands of the engineers."

A story became current that Daniel Jones, the superintendent of the mine, had narrowly escaped death in the mine. Mr. Jones, it seems, had gone into the mine to work with the pumps, and for hours he was so busy that he never thought to communicate with the others on the surface, who, by his long silence, were led to believe that something had happened to him. The water may have risen while he was in the pump-house, they argued, and cut off all means of escape. At no time, however, was Mr. Jones in any danger in the workings.

The engineers held a meeting in Snyder's hall Tuesday morning. Mr. Legg appeared before them to make an explanation of the affair at the Woodland mine, and they sustained him in the action he had taken in the matter. Some of the operators had expected that the engineers would decide to consider the proposition to establish here an average of the conditions existing elsewhere, but the meeting by a unanimous vote, instructed the officers to inform their employers that such was not the case. The engineers are more confident of winning than ever. They claim that several companies have already evinced a willingness to grant their demands.

"Last winter I was confined to my bed with a very bad cold on the lungs. Nothing gave me relief. Finally my wife bought a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure that effected a speedy cure. I cannot speak too highly of that excellent remedy."—Mr. T. K. Houseman, Manatawney, Pa. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

FIREMAN KILLED.

Cylinder of Chemical Fire Engine Explodes at Alliance.

ALLIANCE, April 8.—A sad accident occurred here Saturday, resulting in the instant death of Torry S. Walker, driver of the chemical fire engine, by the blowing off of a ten-pound cap on one of the cylinders containing a chemical extinguisher. The fire department had been called to a blaze in the grocery of W. F. Potter, on North Union avenue. Walker was turning the valve which releases the stream when the explosion occurred. His head and chest were horribly mutilated, and he was thrown six feet above the engine. While several of the firemen gathered up the bloody remains of their comrade the balance fought the flames which were soon extinguished. The dead man, who was a brother of Mayor Walker, was aged 26 years and was born in Tuscarawas county. He served with the Eighth Ohio regiment during the recent campaign in Cuba and was unmarried.

"I have been troubled with indigestion for ten years, have tried many things and spent much money to no purpose until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken two bottles and gotten more relief from them than all other medicines taken. I feel more like a boy than I have felt in twenty years." Anderson Riggs, of Sunny Lane, Tex. Thousands have testified as did Mr. Riggs. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Trust Those who Have Tried.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind and never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that.—Oscar Ostrom, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

I suffered from catarrh; it got so bad I could not work; I used Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Swamut Ave., Boston, Mass.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts., or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Spring coughs are specially dangerous, and unless cured at once serious results often follow. One Minute Cough Cure acts like magic. It is not a common mixture but is a high grade remedy. Chas. E. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best emedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle

"I had piles so bad I could get no rest nor find a cure until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. After using it once I forgot I ever had anything like piles." E. C. Boice, Somers Point, N. Y. Look out for imitations. Be sure you ask for DeWitt's. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers, will remove all impurities from your system, cleanse your bowels and make them regular.—Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

New service, Queen & Crescent, only 28 hours Cincinnati to Shreveport. Elegant service of Pullman Sleepers, Cafe and Observation Cars.

You will waste time if you try to cure indigestion or dyspepsia by starving yourself. That only makes it worse when you do eat heartily. You always need plenty of good food properly digested. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the result of years of scientific research for something that would digest not only some elements of food but every kind. And it is the one remedy that will do it. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Pocket Map of China.

Latest indexed map of Chinese Empire, with enlarged map of portion of China where difficulty exists, and other valuable information relating to present crisis. Copy mailed on receipt of two cents in postage, by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Want Column ads. pay. Try it.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. M. D. Harter, of Philadelphia, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Baldwin.

Miss Nora Bantz has gone to Pittsburg, where she will visit for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Griffiths left to day for Canal Dover, which will be their home in future.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas left this morning for Jersey City where they will make their home.

Mrs. H. A. Bowers and children have returned from a two weeks' visit with Cleveland relatives.

Frank Daniels, aged 12, was instantly killed near Minerva, Saturday, by falling on a buzz saw.

H. H. Hummell has removed his household goods from Beach City to Massillon, where he will make his home in the future.

Seventeen poplar trees have been set out in the grounds surrounding the First Reformed church by members of the congregation.

A cantata called "Laila" will be given at the Riverside school on Friday and Saturday evenings, April 12 and 13. The price of admission will be ten cents.

Joseph Halter, of Jackson township, is moving his household goods to the city today. He will reside at the corner of North Hill and Chestnut streets.

While a farmer named Neuroth, living near Marshallville, was at the barn feeding his stock, at noon on Sunday, a thief entered his house and stole five hundred dollars which was hidden in a bed.

Twenty persons were received into full membership at the First Reformed church on Sunday and twenty were baptized. The attendance at the communion services was the largest in the history of the church.

A building permit has been issued to W. A. Pietzcker, who will reconstruct a dwelling in Muskingum street, having the work completed by July 1. Mrs. M. M. Swan has also taken out a permit for the erection of a dwelling, at a cost of $600, in North Mill street.

The Salvation Army is establishing a colony at Mentor, O., with gardening as the principal industry. Tomato culture will be followed on a large scale. Each family is allowed land sufficient for their support, if well cultivated, and a number of cottages will be built this spring.

Edgar Miller has accepted a position as traveling salesman for a Cleveland wholesale drug company. He has gone to Cleveland to spend a few weeks familiarizing himself with the business of the house. Mr. Miller was at one time connected with a Wooster drug concern.

The forty second annual Ohio State Sunday school convention is announced to take place at Chillicothe, on June 4, 5 and 6. It will bring together about 1,200 of the leading Sunday school workers of the state, each county being represented by ten delegates who are appointed at the county convention.

A Columbus dispatch says that Robert H. Day, prosecuting attorney of Stark county, is in that city, looking after his compensation for services as master commissioner in the case brought by the state of Ohio against Mt. Hope college, against which a decree of ouster was recently entered by the supreme court.

The dead body recently found west of the city was thought to have been that of an eccentric individual variously known as "Irish Dick" and "John Warwick." The appearance of "Irish Dick" in the city this afternoon, therefore, created quite a furore in the circles where he is known. He greatly enjoyed the story of his double.

"The Welsh people of Massillon," remarked Thomas Thomas, of East Greenville, who was in the city Monday, "are invited to join with us in our jubilee on Sunday and Monday, May 12 and 13, which will be in celebration of the Independent Welsh church becoming free from debt. We expect to have a fine programme, especially one of music."

The branch of the Uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, instituted at Mineral City, Tuesday, has been christened Diamond Company, No. 78. Massillon knights present at the institution were Colonel Putman, D. C. Borton, Henry Weible, Fred Grosswiller, W. B. Martin, Manias Harrold and D. S. Iden. The Massillonians returned to the city Wednesday morning.

Another conviction has been recorded in the rioting cases at Akron, and Walter Wingerter will go to the penitentiary or to the reformatory. Wingerter is twenty years old and the son of a wealthy jeweler. After a legal battle lasting all the week, the case was given to the jury at 5 o'clock Friday evening. The jury was out all night, but came in at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning with a verdict of guilty.

At a meeting of the Daughters of Veterans held on Monday night, delegates were elected to the state convention which will meet in Bellefontaine on May 7, 8 and 9. Miss Bertha Martin was selected as the first delegate and Miss Estella Hering as the second. The alternates are Miss Minnie Ellis and Miss Allie Black. The delegates will leave the city on the day before the first meeting of the convention.

The climate and crop bulletin of the United States weather bureau for the week ending April 8, reports the weather all over the state as cold, cloudy and stormy; farm work delayed; wheat favorably affected in few southeastern counties where it was poorest, but unfavorably affected in west and north; fruit and grass backward, but favorable; few potatoes planted and gardens made; considerable plowing and oat seeding done in south.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

MRS. EMILY MYERS.

CANAL FULTON, April 10.—Mrs. Emily Myers, whose death occurred Wednesday morning, was 60 years old, and was a half sister of Mayor McCadden. The funeral services will be held from the residence at 10 o'clock Friday morning. Mrs. Myers was a widow. She leaves no children. Her maiden name was Henderson.

MRS. ADELINE BOLI.

Mrs. Adeline Boli, wife of Louis Boli, died at 9 o'clock Monday morning, at her home, southeast of the city. She was 46 years old, and leaves a husband and four children. Funeral services will be held Thursday at the residence at 1 o'clock, and St. John's Evangelical church, in this city, at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

IRENE HOAGLAND.

Irene Hoagland, 50 years of age, died at the Massillon state hospital Friday evening, of pneumonia. The body will probably be shipped to Newcomerstown for burial.

MRS. MARGARET TRESSEL.

Mrs. Margaret Tressel died at her home, No. 6 West Cherry street, Monday afternoon from the infirmities of old age. She was in her eighty-first year, having been born in France in 1820. She came to this country eleven years ago, after the death of her husband, and took up her residence with her two sons, Peter and Joseph Tressel, who are the only near relatives surviving. The funeral will take place from St. Mary's church Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, services being conducted by the Rev H. V. Kaempker. Deceased was a member of the Altar society of St. Mary's church and the members will attend in a body. Interment will take place in St. Mary's cemetery.

MRS. MARGARET FLEMING.

Mrs. Margaret Fleming, an inmate of the Massillon state hospital, died at the institution Monday afternoon of tuberculosis. The deceased was 50 years of age and was sent to the institution from Coshocton. The funeral was held from St. Mary's church this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services were conducted by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker. The body was interred in St. Mary's cemetery.

MRS. SARAH REED.

CRYSTAL SPRING, April 9.—Mrs. Sarah Reed, a brief notice of whose death appeared in Friday's INDEPENDENT, was born in Crystal Spring September 12, 1819, and had lived here practically all her life. She was the oldest resident of the town, having been among us for nearly 82 years. She was married in 1836 to Jacob Reed, who died about 1870. Their marriage was blessed with ten children, four of whom are now living, Miss Margaret Reed and Mrs. Clara Smith, of this place, James W. Reed, of Paonia, Col., and Mrs. Alice Dunckly, of Akron.

The funeral services were conducted at Mrs. Reed's late residence on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, by the Rev. O. P. Foust, of Massillon. The choir of the Reformed church, of this place, led by Ellsworth Crites, furnished singing. The pallbearers were H. B. Clay, Charles Basht, H. S. Foltz, Wm. Fashbaugh, sr., John Schoulder and Frank Miner.

Do not leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed, and cannot be procured while you are on board the cars or steamship. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Rider & Snyder and E. S. Craig.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, April 9, 1901:

LADIES.

Clem, Miss Bettie
Holland, Mrs. Elsie

MEN.

Bell, Wm E.
Birt, Mr.
Dixon, A. M.
Eldridge, Prescott
Enslen, W. J
Hager, Gilbert (3)
Harrigan, Thos.
Jones, Jas
Landis, Geo
Marchand, Fred
Stair, Dr C H.
Timmons, Patrick
Wentzel, Geo

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M

$50 00 to California and Back This Summer.

An illustrated book, which will be of much interest to all who are expecting to take advantage of the low rates to California this summer, at the time of the Epworth League convention, to be held in San Francisco in July, has just been issued by the Chicago & North-Western R'y. Much valuable information is given relating to the state, variable routes, etc. The rate via this line will be only $50 for the round trip from Chicago, with corresponding rates from other points. Copy of this book may be had free upon application to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WILL STICK TO LAW

Will not Take Matters Into His Own Hands.

BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

Where Hadley Says He Will Take His Evidence Against Alleged Stuffers of the Ballot Box—News from Newman and Other Towns in the Neighborhood.

NAVARRE, April 10.—John Hadley, who recently sprung a ballot-box stuffing sensation on the village, and who has spent much of the past several weeks conferring with election boards, county officers and attorneys, is not discouraged at the apparent lack of interest on the part of the secretary of state, to whom the matter was referred. Neighbors of Mr. Hadley have advanced the opinion that redress for the wrongs done him by the alleged stuffing cannot be had, unless, as they suggest, "he takes it out of certain people's hides." They say primary elections are private affairs and are not governed by laws of the land. Mr. Hadley, however, knows better, and he declares that he will have the case before the grand jury, and that the penitentiary will shortly receive a large delegation from Bethlehem township.

NEWS FROM NEWMAN.

NEWMAN, April 10.—W. L. DeHoff was on the sick list last week, but has again resumed his daily avocation.

Daniel Heinbuch, of Bently, was in our village last Friday, renewing old acquaintances.

Mrs. Timothy Ramsey spent several days in Massillon recently, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Fisher.

Miss Daisy Kleckner, of Comet, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kleckner and Sylvanus Wolf, of Akron, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Wolf, on Sunday.

The public sale of the personal effects of the late John Bell, last Saturday, was largely attended.

Miss Nettie Lister returned from Cleveland last week, where she has been residing most of the winter.

Several of our people attended Easter Sunday exercises at Massillon churches and were highly pleased.

Miss Jennie Kitt, of Massillon, visited her Newman friends part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James McFarland, of Navarre, spent Saturday and Sunday at the George Williamson home.

John Evans, who is employed at the Stark mine, south of Massillon, has returned to his old home during the temporary suspension of work at the mines.

Daniel C. Weidner has purchased the Bell property. The consideration was $750.

The Rev. Mr. Lister went to Salem last Saturday and took charge of the services in the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.

Thomas J. Morgan was elected sub-school director for this district last Monday evening, without opposition, a well merited compliment.

J. S. Coxey has purchased the remains of the Drake Coal Company's effects, and a force of hands are busy transferring them to his works at Paul's.

The Gainey-Geis mine on the Williamson farm is progressing well.

President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, has begun action against the Scrantonian, a Sunday publication at Scranton, Pa., for misrepresentation. He is not after any damages whatever, but merely desires to convince the public press of Pennsylvania that the laboring man has some rights that should and must be respected.

The masquerade ball at Crystal Spring Monday evening attracted quite a number of our young people to that place.

SMOKETOWN AFFAIRS.

SMOKETOWN, April 10.—Theodore Palmer and family took charge of the G. R. Jones farm on Thursday. Mr. Palmer conducted a farm in Pike township previous to his coming here.

The Pleasant Grove school will close on Thursday with an entertainment in the evening.

J. C. Gordon has left our settlement, having taken charge of the Marchand farm near Wilmot.

The Buckeye orchestra furnished music for a social dance at Strasburg on Saturday evening.

Master Ernest Widder is suffering with muscular rheumatism.

The three infant children of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hair were taken from the Smoketown burial ground on Saturday and placed in the Union cemetery at Navarre.

Edward King and family, of Dundee, have taken charge of the Samuel Shetler farm.

The Krause Coal Company is still searching for the black diamond on the G. R Jones farm.

Mrs. Jacob McFarren, of Genoa, with her children, is visiting her parents, Mr and Mrs. Fred Lincrode.

Mrs. Brown and child are stopping at the farm house of J. N. Trook.

Jerry Shetler and family were in Smoketown Sunday.

Mr. Rogers, of Strasburg, was doing dehorning and veterinary work in our settlement on Friday.

A number of our young people attended the reunion and exhibition at the Bixler school house on Saturday.

LAWRENCE NEWS.

NORTH LAWRENCE, April 10.—J. H. Myers, of Wooster, paid our town a business visit last Friday.

Jacob Wise, of Massillon, circulated among our boys on Thursday.

John Jorden, who was taken suddenly ill last Saturday, is now better, and has returned to his home in Magnolia.

Election for school director was held on Monday evening. John P. Jones received 115 votes and Jenet Sandwith 2.

William Moore is wearing a broad smile. When asked the cause he answers, "It's a girl."

The Easter ball was well attended by people from Massillon, East Greenville and Brookfield.

Miss Annie McDonald, of Massillon, spent Sunday with her parents

Richard Richards has moved his furniture into his new house.

Miss Mary Higginbottom, of this place, and Thomas Jorden, of Magnolia, were quietly married in Massillon on Sunday.

BEACH CITY BRIEFS.

BEACH CITY, April 10.—William Kalenbaugh, of this place, has been drawn as a petit juror from Sugarcreek township

The city building, under the management of Daniel Bose, is nearing completion.

Commissioner Bonebrake will deliver the commencement oration on May 3. The Rev. G. C. Smith, of Wooster, will preach the annual sermon Sunday evening, April 28.

Frank Schlafly, of the Beach City bank, has been very ill with quinsy. He is recovering rapidly.

Nine persons were received as members of the Lutheran church last Sunday. Five were received as members of the U. B. church on the same day.

The Rev. Mr. Berry has been holding a series of meetings in the Lutheran church

In a later letter your correspondent will mention the many new buildings to be erected this summer.

There is some talk of the proposed new hotel being pushed to completion.

Mrs. Reese, who purchased the Sprankle property on Ray street, is building an addition to the dwelling.

J. A. Burris and family attended the Dundee school commencement last Friday evening. Miss Viola Walters attended the same entertainment.

CAMPCREEK NOTES.

CAMPCREEK, April 10.—Daniel Wertz, who for the past two years occupied the Louis Hawk farm, moved his family to the Oberlin farm, near Stanwood, last Wednesday.

The Goat Hill school closed last Thursday An exhibition was given by the scholars in the evening, an admission of ten cents being charged to cover expenses. Any remaining proceeds are to be used to establish a fund for the purchasing of a new organ for the school.

Joe Williams, who for several years past lived on the Schwartlow farm, has recently moved to Justus.

Last Sunday afternoon, while Mrs. Larker was driving leasurely along the public highway, a short distance east of the Cross Roads church, the horse suddenly tramped through a defective culvert, fell and was unable to extricate itself. Several drunken fellows, who were following close in the rear, drove into and upset Mrs. Larker's rig, throwing her violently to the ground. Fortunately no severe injuries were sustained.

Services were conducted at the Cross Roads church last Sunday afternoon by the Rev. Mr. Berry. There will be services next Sunday at 2:30 p. m., by the Rev. Mr. Adams.

William Scott and family spent last week among their many friends and relatives at Pike Run.

NEWS FROM BENTLEY.

BENTLEY, April 11.—The church held an Easter service Sunday afternoon.

The school election Monday evening resulted in the re-election of Daniel Heinbuch as sub-director. George R. Snavely was elected to finish the unexpired term of Jacob Shilling as director

John Whitfield has removed from the Newstetter property.

George R. Snavely is building a barn this spring.

Our school closed last Friday. The summer term will begin next Monday, with Miss Vesta Muskepf, of Beach City, as teacher.

I. N. Snavely has been elected road supervisor of this district by vote of the trustees, the vote at the regular election resulting in a tie. He will find plenty of work awaiting him.

Our entertainment will be given on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

Postmaster Koons states that the failure of the rural mail carrier for the northwest route to reach Newman, during the past few weeks, as designed, was due to the almost impassable condition of the roads. He says if the weather continues fair that territory will be covered this week and henceforth.

PERUNA
THE GREAT TONIC.
MRS. L. COOK, PITTSFORD, N.Y.
MISS ANNIE ZLOTT, NEWARK, N.J.
MRS. ANNA ROES, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

So many housewives suffer from nervous depression due to catarrhal weakness peculiar to their sex, and suffer on year after year, not knowing what their ailment is. Mrs. Mary Cook, of Pittsford, N. Y., suffered for six years before she learned of Peruna. Mrs. Cook recently wrote the following letter to Dr. Hartman:

"I was not well for six years, paid many doctor bills, but never improved very much. I gave up hopes of ever recovering.

"Finally, I wrote to Dr. Hartman, and I am thankful to say that I am now well, through his good advice and medicine. I am gaining in flesh and feel young again. I was very emaciated, but now my own children are surprised in the great change in me when they visit me."

Miss Annie Zlott, 72 Livingston street, Newark, N. J., took Peruna for extreme nervousness. She says: "I was very ill and thought I would die. I had a terrible headache and my head swam; I thought I would never get well; I seemed to have a great complication of diseases and bought medicines, but they did me no good.

"Finally I gave up and thought I would wait for my end. One day I happened to pick up one of your books. I read of other women who were near death and had been cured by Peruna, so I thought I would try it.

"I took a couple of bottles and began to feel better. I continued its use until now I am a well woman. I praise Peruna highly and wish other women would use it."

Mrs. Anna Roes, 2813 North Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

"Four weeks ago I believed I had consumption; I took a severe cold, and although for the first few days the mucus in my throat and chest was loose, it finally became so bad that I had difficulty in breathing.

Pain in the shoulders followed. As I had placed my confidence in you and Peruna, I followed your directions strictly, and improved from day to day, and am now well again."

Most women feel the need of a tonic to counteract the debilitating effects of summer weather. Peruna is such a remedy. It cures all catarrhal conditions whether it be weakness, nervous depression or summer catarrh. For a free book on summer catarrh, address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Feeling Nervous

That's the way it begins. Little things disturb you. You are irritable, restless and worry over trifles. Your heart jumps and palpitates at every sudden noise, you can't concentrate your mind on your work, your memory fails and you do not sleep well at night. In the morning you feel weak and exhausted, with no appetite for food and no ambition for exertion of any kind. Nervous prostration has no terrors for those who use

"For a number of years I was troubled with nervousness and dizziness. My brain was confused and I had a dull pain in the back of my head. Several doctors failed to help me and then I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine. It braced me up from the very start and I was soon feeling well. Whenever I feel a little off now, one or two doses put me right again."

W. W. TROWBRIDGE,
Delta, Ohio.

Dr. Miles' Nervine.

It stops the nervousness, soothes the irritation, quickens the pulse, stimulates the digestion, induces refreshing sleep and infuses snap, energy and vigor into the whole system.

Sold by all druggists on a guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

ECHOS

....OF THE....

Great Mill End Sale.

THE wonderful sale of desirable merchandise that has been going on at our store for the last two weeks closed Saturday night. It has been a record breaker in every respect. Our store has been crowded from morning till night with pleased buyers, who fully appreciated the splendid bargains they secured. We have made arrangements with Mr. Lockhart to dispose of the balance of the Mill Ends that are left, small lots and odds and ends. Don't fail to secure these bargains; they will last but a few days. We mention a few of the bargains:

Best Percales, 12½c goods, only 9c.
Good Lawns, 3½c.
Best Prints, 3½c.
1500 yards All Wool Albatross, pink, blue and cream, regular 50c quality, 25c. This case was delayed in transit and only opened Saturday.
Cotton Blankets, three or four cases left, and are marked just about one-half price.

These, of course, are Mill End prices, and only for the lots that are left.

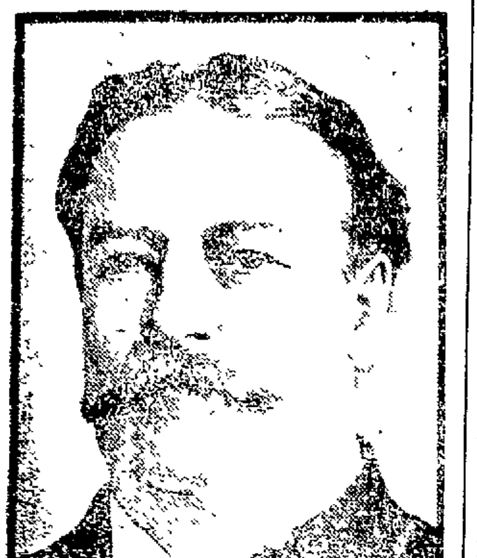
Odds and ends of the great Mill End sale will be closed at Mill End prices.

HUMBERGERS'.

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

Our Future Rule In the Philippines

Now that the head and front of the Philippine uprising is safe in American hands the peaceful establishment of our civil authority in the archipelago may be expected to proceed more smoothly. Not that the capture of Aguinaldo did away at one blow with all or even with a great part of the difficulties—far from it. But at any rate it may reasonably be supposed that the clearing of the military horizon will enable our civil officials to act with a freer hand.



JUDGE WILLIAM H. TAFT.

The difficulties in the way of inculcating the natives of the Philippines with our ideas and ideals, though great, are not insuperable. By many accounts most of the people are tractable, intelligent and willing to learn and to have their children taught. It is for this reason that our government is laying the greatest stress upon the importance of founding schools for the young Filipinos. Several acts of the Philippine commission, as promulgated by the military authorities in the islands, look to this end. One of the most important provides for a general department of public instruction, with the central office in Manila, under the direction of a general superintendent.

Schools are to be established in every part of the archipelago and, according to the act, the English language, as soon as practicable, is to be made the basis of all public instruction. Efforts are being made to obtain teachers in the United States, liberal salaries being offered as inducements. The act provides that soldiers may be detailed as instructors until replaced by trained teachers. It may be thought that the spectacle of "our boys in khaki" endeavoring to make good Americans out of little brown Filipinos by means of the spelling book is somewhat amusing, but there is little doubt that the men detailed to "teaching duty" will do their best for their young charges.

Civil rule in the Philippines, according to an agreement, approved by the president, made between Judge William H. Taft, head of the present Philippine commission, and General MacArthur, commander of the troops there, will supplant the military rule on July 1. On that date General Chaffee will succeed MacArthur, and on the next day Judge Taft will become governor of the islands. He will be inaugurated with considerable ceremony, among the expected onlookers being Secretary Root of the war department, who, with other officials, may make the trip to the islands for that purpose.

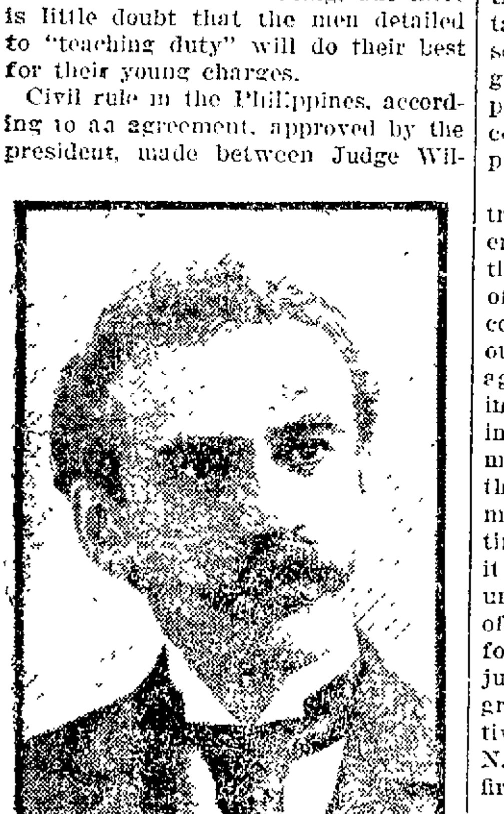


Photo by Kimball, Concord, N. H.

FLETCHER LADD.

At present the Philippine commission is making a tour of the southern islands, where civil government is being set up in many districts. The tour will be completed about the middle of April, and then the commission, which has been met with the greatest friendliness by the natives, will return to Manila to arrange for the general transfer of authority.

Transfer of the Islands From Military Law To Civil Administration Fixed For July 1

The details of the plan of establishing permanent American civil government in the Philippines are contained in the full report of the Taft commission. Although the chief offices are, as heretofore, to be held by Americans, it is proposed to grant to natives full opportunities to show their fitness for office and to appoint them whenever possible. According to the Philippine civil service board and the civil service commission, which is acting as its agent in the United States, preference will be given to natives where other qualifications are equal.

The Philippine board announces that it will not be advisable for Americans to seek positions in the islands unless they have professional, technical or scientific qualifications or special clerical ability. There will be a demand for Americans as stenographers and typewriters, Spanish translators and interpreters, bookkeepers to a limited extent, inspectors in the customs service, financial agents and department assistants.

Educated Filipinos will have excellent opportunities under the new regime if they desire to enter the service of the United States. In one instance the civil service commission has decided to request the Philippine civil service board at Manila to hold regular classified service examinations to secure about 15 well educated Filipinos between the ages of 18 and 25 for service as aids in the coast and geodetic survey of the islands.

Probably one of the first works to be undertaken by the civil government of the Philippines after the islands are thoroughly pacified will be the taking of a census. It is quite possible that the officer to whom this important task will be intrusted is Colonel Joseph P. Sanger, who is now inspector general of the division of the Philippines and who had charge of the first census taken in Cuba under our auspices.

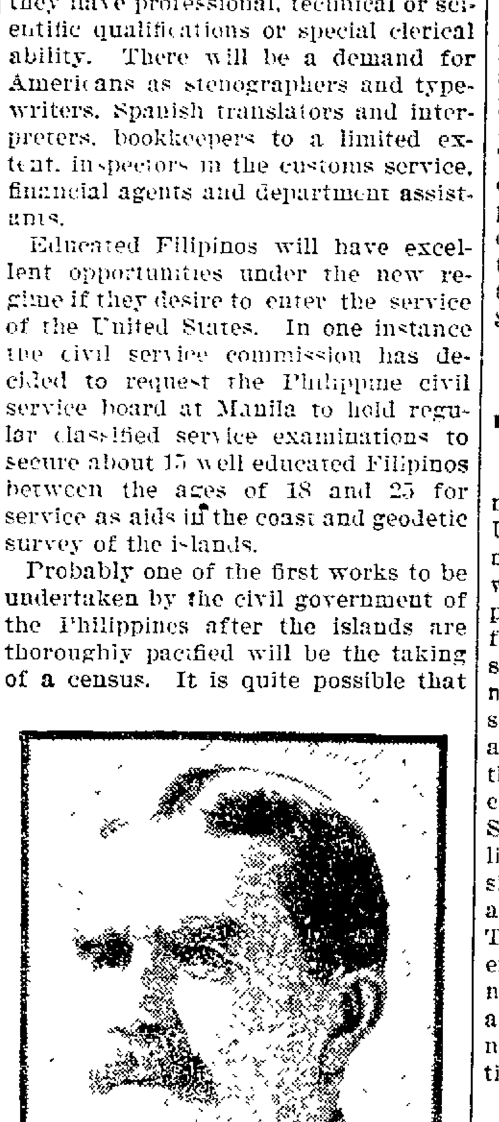


Photo by Clinedinst, Washington.

COLONEL JOSEPH P. SANGER.

Among the most interesting and intricate problems that confront our government in establishing civil rule in the Philippine Islands is the question of the establishment of American courts of justice. Naturally since the outbreak of the Filipino rebellion against Spain judicial affairs have been in a topsy turvy condition, and righting them will require the exercise of much patience and skill. To assist in the enforcement of the laws and in the maintenance of order until the present time the military has been needed, but it is hoped that they will soon become unnecessary. Of course a large force of soldiers will be kept in the islands for many months to come. Among the judges appointed who will have the greatest direct intercourse with the natives is Fletcher Ladd of Lancaster, N. H., the new judge of the court of first instance of the Philippine Islands.

Why George Looked Determined.

In the early days of the republic dentistry was practiced by the men who were really barbers, but pulled teeth and cupped or "bled a vein." It has been related that the son of one of these barber tooth pullers, who followed the profession of his father, made a set of teeth for George Washington from the tusk of a hippopotamus. They were carved by hand and held in place by spiral springs, which pressed the two sets apart when the mouth was open and the natural pressure removed. These teeth, with their stiff springs, were probably the cause of the set expression about the jaws which is remarkable in the Stuart portraits of Washington.—New York Tribune.

An Armless Wonder.

John Sear, a Spaniard, born without arms, was exhibited in London during the reign of King William. He could comb his hair, shave himself, fill a glass, thread a needle, embroider, write six different styles of "handwriting" and play on several different kinds of musical instruments with his feet and toes.

INSURANCE FOR EMPLOYEES

Features of an Interesting New Law Just Adopted by Holland.

Minister Newal at The Hague has sent an interesting report to the state department at Washington in reference to a measure which provides that employers in certain branches of labor shall insure their employees against pecuniary losses from accidents which may happen to them in the execution of their duties, says the Washington Post. This measure has passed the states general and has received the royal sanction. The law, which has been sent to the state department and is now on file there, contains 116 articles and places 61 classes of labor to which if motor is used it shall apply.

The law provides that the employer shall notify the State Insurance bank, which shall be at Amsterdam, of his trade, whereupon the managers of the bank shall inform him of the class under which his trade falls. It also is provided that the employer shall contribute to the expenses of the bank in proportion to the wages of his employees. He is also made responsible to the bank for the immediate medical treatment of the injured and all the information in the cases. The bank provides for the necessary medical assistance to the person who in performing his duties is injured so that he is incapacitated for work.

In case of death the funeral expenses of the deceased are to be paid, and in cases where relatives are dependent upon the deceased for support a fixed sum of money is to be paid them. There is provided for in the law a council composed of employers and employees, with whom appeals from any decision can be filed. The penalties for the infringement of this law renders the culprit liable to fines varying from $40 to $240.

NEW SIGHT AND CLIP.

Recent Improvements Made to the Krag-Jorgensen Rifle.

The ordnance department of the army has just arranged to equip all the United States magazine rifles, commonly known as the Krag-Jorgensen, with a new sight developed by the department itself after some years' careful experiment. The feature of the sight is the combination of the ordinary hinged elevating eyepiece with a side movement controlled by a simple and strong friction clamp which turns the sight into a very effective graduated wind gauge, says the Washington Star. The new arrangement adds very little to the number of parts in the sight, practically nothing to its weight and a very slight figure to the cost. The sight can be applied readily to the existing models of magazine rifles, and not only will the future product of the arsenals be thus fitted, but the rifles now in service will be called in from time to time and given new sights.

The ordnance department has also secured an effective clip for the Krag-Jorgensen, something very much needed to bring it up to the rapidity of fire of other magazine rifles. Heretofore the soldier was obliged to draw each cartridge separately from his belt and insert it in the breech. With this clip, resembling that in use in the Mausers, the soldier by a simple movement of the thumb strips the five cartridges at once into the magazine. One hundred of the new arms fitted for use with these clips have been sent to the Philippines, and the department is awaiting the result of the service test to be made there.

BEAUTY AND HER BOSSIES.

Spanking Team of Cows Driven by Brazilian Heiress In Paris.

A beautiful 16-year-old girl, Laura Rienzo, who comes from Bahia and is said to be the greatest heiress in Brazil, has recently been driving through the fashionable thoroughfares of Paris a pair of fast trotting cows harnessed tandem to a pretty cart, says the New York World. The animals are small, black and fiery, but obey the reins perfectly.

The police at first were puzzled to know whether or not the law would permit the circulation of such a strange team. An inspector called upon Miss Rienzo at her residence, where he was assured that the trotting cows were perfectly gentle and had been trained in Rio de Janeiro by order of Mr. Rienzo especially for his daughter's amusement.

The owner of the Nouveau Cirque offered $10,000 for the team, but the offer was declined.

Hard Wood From Oregon.

As a specimen of Oregon hard wood a chunk three feet long and weighing 300 pounds will be found hard to beat at the Pan-American exposition. This log, according to The Morning Oregonian, was brought down from the Cascade locks the other day and given in charge of Henry E. Dosch, to be taken with other specimens of Oregon woods to Buffalo. How long ago it grew or the exact spot upon which it stood when a thrifty fir sapling will never be known, as it is now a solid rock, having been petrified centuries before Lewis and Clark struck the country. One end of the log will be sawed off to show the grain of the fir and to prove to the visitors at the exposition that it is solid clear through.

To April.

Dear April, you're like some coquette,
Some little flirt, I ween,
For half the time your face is bright,
And then, all unforeseen,
You droop your head and pout and shed
Tears that you do not mean.

Yes, April, you're a winsome lass,
A little flirt, I know;
You do bewitch this heart of mine
And bid me whisper low,
"You are a true coquette because
You make me love you so!"

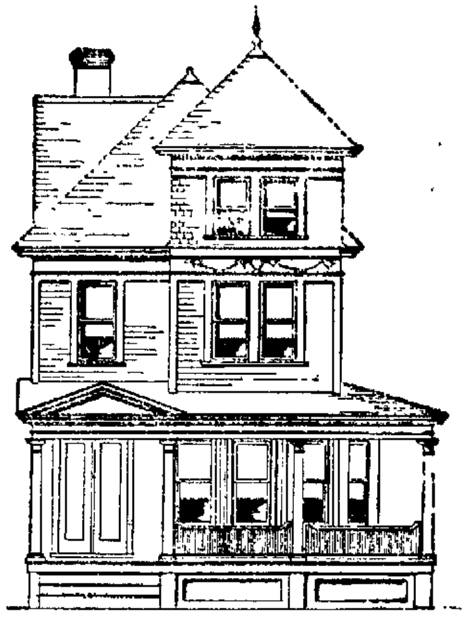
—Charles Hanson Towne in April Woman's Home Companion.

MODERN AMERICAN PLAN.

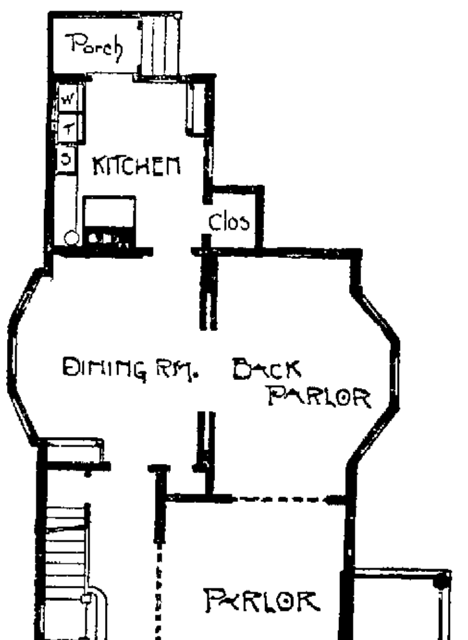
Many Excellent Features, Including Broad Piazza—Cost, $3,000.

[Copyright, 1901, by George Hitchings, architect, 1090 Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn.]

We present herewith the design of a residence recently built in Brooklyn. It is a clean cut design of modern American style, with colonial treatment on detail. The lines are sufficiently broken to give an attractive appearance, and it has many excellent features, including the broad, spacious and well shaded piazza running across the front of the house and returning at the corner. The underpinning is brick laid up in a neat manner. The exterior framework is sheathed, papered and then clapboarded. It is painted colonial yellow, with cream white trimmings. The gables are covered with cedar shingles and left to finish natural. The roof is also finished natural. Dimensions—front, 20 feet (not including piazza) by 31 feet 6 inches deep; extension kitchen, 11 by 10 feet; cellar, 7 feet; first story, 10 feet; second story, 9 feet 6 inches; attic, 8 feet 6 inches.



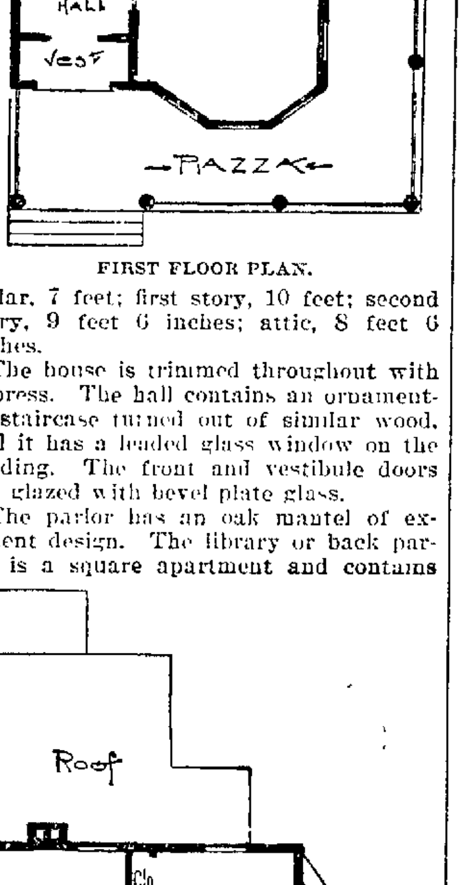
FRONT ELEVATION.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

The house is trimmed throughout with cypress. The hall contains an ornamental staircase turned out of similar wood, and it has a leaded glass window on the landing. The front and vestibule doors are glazed with bevel plate glass.

The parlor has an oak mantel of excellent design. The library or back parlor is a square apartment and contains an open fireplace built of brick, with tile hearthstone and facings and a mantel with a plate glass mirror.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

The dining room is connected with the kitchen by a pantry which is well fitted up with shelves, drawers and cupboards. The kitchen is wainscoted with hard plaster and is fitted up with the usual fixtures complete.

The second floor contains four large bedrooms and bath, with open plumbing and nickel plated traps in bathroom.

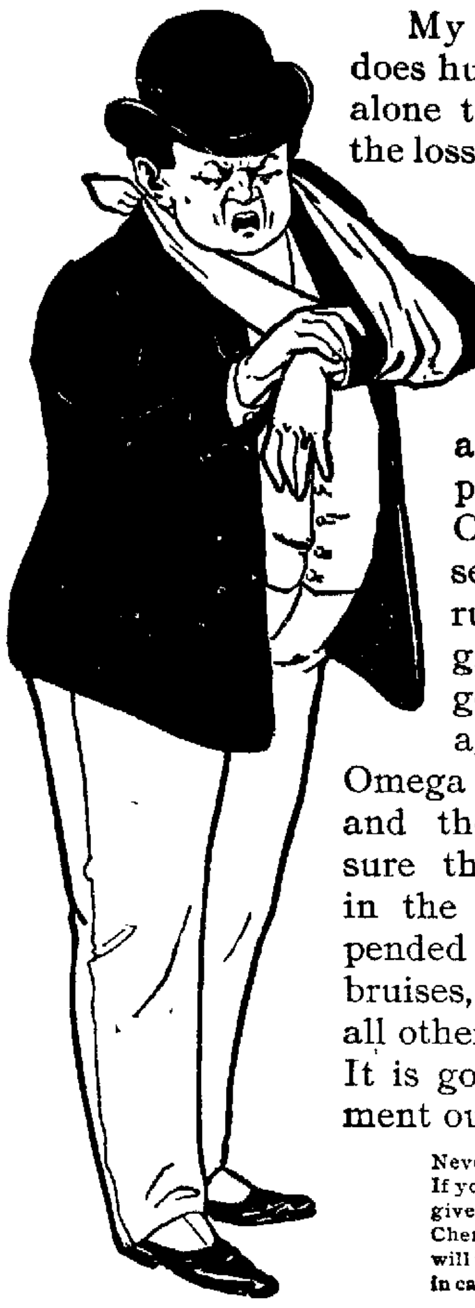
Cost, $3,000.

The Piece de Resistance.

One of the most hopeful signs of the greater care architects are giving to the interiors of the homes they design is the increasing tendency to make the stairway the piece de resistance, the keynote to the beauty of the interior, says American Homes.

Located as this usually is in the entrance hall, it affords a basis for the ornamental designing of the entire apartment and, though the most effective ornament, is often, and rightly so, the simplest of designs, the proportions and form or location being depended upon to bring out the accessories.

These are augmented by properly located landings, ornamental windows, Elizabethan seats or cozy nooks, grilles, etc.



Omega Oil

My goodness, how a sprain does hurt! And it isn't the pain alone that is to be dreaded, but the loss of time and wages. There is today many a person with a sprained wrist, elbow, hip, back, knee, or ankle who is unable to work, and is losing many a dollar in wages. What a pity it is that these people won't get a bottle of Omega Oil and cure themselves! Why don't they rub their sprains with this green-colored liniment, and get back to their work again? Maybe they'll try Omega Oil some of these days, and then they'll find out for sure that there's one liniment in the world which can be depended upon to cure sprains, bruises, strains, swellings, and all other bodily aches and pains. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Never take a substitute for Omega Oil. If your druggist persistently refuses to give what you ask for, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps.

743

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R'y

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	21	9	[illegible]1	15	4[illegible]	311	319
	AM	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv	*1 05	*7 00	35	*5 30	†5 40	*5 00	*8 0
Beaver Falls "	1 55	8 00	2 36	7 26	6 55	5 45	[illegible]
Columbiana "			3 38		8 03		
Leetonia "	2 52	8 57	3 41		8 10		
Salem "	3 04	9 10	3 58	8 32	8 23	6 36	9 3
Alliance ar	3 2[illegible]	9 30	4 3[illegible]	8 55	8 50	6 55	[illegible]
Alliance lv	3 25	9 30	4 40	8 55	8 50	PM	[illegible]
Maximo "			4 56		9 27		
Louisville "			5 08		9 35		
Canton "	4 00	9 56	5 24	9 24	9 48		
Massillon "	4 12	10 10	5 42	9 35	10 00		
Lawrence "			5 57		10 10		
Burton City "			6 02		10 16		
Orrville "	4 25	10 3[illegible]	6 15	10 0[illegible]	10 25		
Smithville "			6 25		AM		
Wooster "	4 55	10 5[illegible]	6 35	10 21			
Shreve "			6 50				
Big Prairie "			6 58				
Lakeville "			7 02				
Loudonville "			7 16				
Perrysville "			7 25				
Lucas "			7 40				
Mansfield "	6 [illegible]0	12 05	7 55	11 25		AM	
Crestline ar	6 27	12 3[illegible]	8 25	11 5[illegible]		†7 0[illegible]	
[illegible] lv	[illegible] 4	1 00	PM	12 21		7 25	
[illegible]	[illegible]	2 25		1 49		[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	3 18		2 35		[illegible]	
[illegible]	1 10	4 00		3 25		[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	3 2[illegible]		4 0[illegible]		1 3[illegible]	
[illegible]	12 [illegible]7	6 8		5 15		2 15	
[illegible]	1 [illegible]	7 [illegible]		6 14		3 28	
Chicago	2 50	8 45		7 45		5 15	
	PM	PM		AM		PM	

Cafe Parlor Car on trains Nos 310 and 311.

Eastward.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	22			
Leave	[illegible]	N	PM	PM	AM			
[illegible]	[illegible]	12 [illegible]	*3 00	*8 06	†7 30			
[illegible]	1 55	1 72	4 26		9 2[illegible]			
[illegible]	3 [illegible]5	2 [illegible]	5 45	10 25	10 27			
[illegible]	[illegible]	3 [illegible]1	6 [illegible]	10 57	11 18			
[illegible]	5 0	4 15	7 15	11 55	12 30			
[illegible]	5 30	[illegible]	8 3[illegible]		1 45			
[illegible]	7 [illegible]4	5 57	8 30	1 25	2 48	[illegible]		
[illegible]	9 42	7 34	11 19		4 35	AM		
Crestline	1[illegible] [illegible]5	8 05	11 50	3 20	5 20	†5 20		
Mansfield	10 40	8 33	12 15	B	5 45	5 5[illegible]		
Lucas	[illegible] 54			B	5 57	6 03		
Perrysville	11 [illegible]			B	6 09	6 22		
Loudonville	11 18			B	6 18	6 30		
Lakeville	11 49			B	6 31	6 42		
Big Prairie	11 52			B	6 35	6 46		
Shreve	12 01			B	6 4[illegible]	6 54		
Wooster	12 20	9 35	1 25	B	7 00	7 10		
Smithville	12 32			B	7 13	7 20		
Orrville	12 45	10 00	1 50	B	7 28	7 35		
Burton City				B	7 35	7 41		
Lawrence	12 55			B	7 42	7 50		
Massillon	1 [illegible]4	10 22	2 12	B	7 55	8 05		
Canton	1 35	10 40	2 35	5 27	8 18	8 24		
Louisville	1 53			B	8 35	8 42	310	308
Maximo	2 03			B	8 45	8 54	AM	PM
ar Alliance	2 15	11 10	3 10	6 05	9 00	9 05		
lv Alliance	2 15	11 10	3 10	6 05	AM	9 40	9*35	3*4[illegible]
Salem	2 45	11 31	3 32	6 28		10 05	9 53	4 03
Leetonia	2 57	11 41		B		10 15		
[illegible]	3 05			B		10 20		
Beaver F'ls	4 12	12 42	4 40	B		11 25	10 41	4 57
ar Pittsburgh	5 30	1 40	5 50	8 30		12 40	11 30	5 40
	PM	AM	AM	AM		PM	AM	PM

Pullman Sleeping Cars on Nos. 8, 15, 316 and 319; Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on Nos. 9 and 21 to Chicago, No. 6 to Pittsburgh, where Nos. 6, 8, 20 and 32 connect in Union Station for the East. At Orrville connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by Nos. 6, 8, 9, 2[illegible], 22, 43 and for Columbus by Nos. 9, 15, 20, 21, 32 and 43. Nos. 9, 15, 21 and 43 connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. Nos. 6 and 32 connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager,
E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent,
11-25-00 -C. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

CA&C Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry.

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	538	528	504
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND......lv	*8 10	†1 20	*7 20	.....
Hudson	9 08	2 28	8 25	*10 46
AKRON ar	9 35	2 57	8 55	11 10
AKRON lv	9 35	2 57	8 55	11 10
Barberton	9 49	3 12	9 18	*11 30
ORRVILLE ar	10 25	3 55	9 53	508
ORRVILLE lv	10 30	3 55	10 08	a m
Millersburg	11 12	4 40	10 47	†5 45
Mt. Vernon	12 32	6 05	12 15	7 10
COLUMBUS........ar	*1 50	† 7 35	*1 40	†8 40
	p m	p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	527	535	505	507
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS.........lv	*12 40	†6 55	*12 05	†6 35
Mt. Vernon	2 25	8 28	1 30	7 10
Millersburg	3 55	9 4	2 44	†8 35
ORRVILLE ar	4 45	10 30	3 33	505
ORRVILLE lv	4 55	10 40	3 38	p m
Barberton	5 36	11 18	*4 07	*2 15
AKRON ar	5 56	11 38	4 25	2 30
AKRON lv	6 05	11 38	4 25	2 30
Hudson	6 35	12 05	4 55	*2 55
CLEVELAND......ar	*7 30	1 05	*5 50	......
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:12 a m week days.

*Every day †Week days only.

E. A. FORD, Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg, Pa

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co

Schedule in effect January 1901

Southbound (down) (up) Northbound

p m 15	p.m 13	a m 1[illegible]	Lorain Branch	p.m 10	a m 14	p.m 16
4 [illegible]0	1 05	7 00	Lorain	3 8	12 02	7 15
4 18	1 2[illegible]	7 20	Elyria	3 14	11 45	6 59
4 36	1 53	7 43	Grafton	2 56	11 29	6 41
4 58	2 1[illegible]	8 05	Lester Junct	2 3[illegible]	11 08	6 21
5	3		Main Line	2	4	6
5 10	1 35	7 20	Cleveland	9 50	12 00	6 00
6 20	2 31	8 27	Lester Junct	8 48	11 07	5 00
6 31	2 40	8 3[illegible]	Medina	8 36	10 51	4 48
6 [illegible]4	2 59	8 [illegible]7	Seville	8 14	10 40	4 26
7 00	3 01	9 08	Sterling	[illegible]	10 34	4 20
7 [illegible]	3 24	9 24	Warwick	7 41	10 1[illegible]	3 56
7 30	3 3[illegible]	9 31	Canal Fulton	7 34	10 06	3 48
7 50	3 50	9 5	Ar. Massillon Dep	7 [illegible]	9 50	3 30
				8 p		
7 50	3 56	9 50	Dep. Ar.	7 50	9 50	3 30
8 0[illegible]	4 0[illegible]	10 05	Justus	7 34	9 35	3 13
8 35	4 37	10 39	Canal Dover	7 0[illegible]	9 05	2 44
8 4[illegible]	4 4[illegible]	10 43	N Philadelphia	6 55	8 58	2 37
9 00	5 01	11 00	Ar. Uhrichsville Dep	6 38	8 40	2 20
7 a						
7 30	5 10	11 10	Dep. Ar	6 38	8 40	2 20
8 [illegible]	5 4[illegible]	11 4[illegible]	Freeport	6 00	8 0[illegible]	1 44
8 3	6 07	12 05	Flushing	5 34	7 42	1 20
9 4[illegible]	7 0[illegible]	1 05	Bridgeport	4 [illegible]0	6 45	12 20

All of above trains daily except Sunday.

SUNDAY TRAIN leaves Uhrichsville 6 10 a. m. arrive Cleveland 9:[illegible]0 a. m.

Leaves Cleveland 6 p. m., arrive Uhrichsville 9:35 p. m.

Electric cars between Bridgeport, Bellaire Martin's Ferry and Wheeling

M. G. CARREL, G. P. A., Cleveland O

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE R'Y.

TOLEDO DIVISION.

EAST NO. 1	*3 p	*7 p	Dec. 9, 2901	*4 p	6	*8p WEST.
A. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.	
9 15	2 15		Toledo	1 4	6 1[illegible]	
10 24	3 15		Fremont	12 40	5 07	
11 17	4 05		Norwalk	11 50	4 15	
12 03	4 44		Wellington	11 0	3 30	
1 10	5 56	A. M	Orrville	10 02	2 21	p m.
[illegible]1 40	6 2[illegible]	8 30	Massillon	9 30	1 50	7 20
2 00	6 40	8 [illegible]0	Navarre	9 1[illegible]	1 33	7 05
2 45	7 [illegible]1	9 5	Valley Jct	8 35	12 53	6 15
3 27	7 57	10 2[illegible]	Bowerstown	8 00	12 16	5 39
5 35	9 45	12 3	Wheeling	6 1[illegible]	10 20	3 45
5 [illegible]0	10 10	12 1	Steubenville	5[illegible]	10 05	3 30
P. M.	P. M.	P. M		a.m	a.m.	p.m

Cleveland Division.

South Bound	*107 p	101	*103	*105
	a. m.	a. m	p. m.	p. m.
Cleveland	6 30	10 46	3 50	6 20
Kent	7 43	11 57	5 05	7 34
Congress Lake	8 12	12 25	5 37	8 05
Canton	8 40	12 50	6 5	8 30
Navarre	9 10	1 20	6 35	p. m*
Coshocton	11 07	p m	8 33	
Zanesville	12 10		9 35	
	p. m		p. m.	

North Bound	*102	*104	106	*108 p
		a. m.		p. m.
Zanesville		6 25		4 05
Coshocton		7 28	p m.	5 07
Navarre	a. m.	9 25	2 08	6 55
Canton	7 45	9 57	2 39	7 27
Congress Lake	8 12	10 21	3 09	7 55
Kent	8 45	10 52	3 0	8 26
Cleveland	9 58	[illegible]2 05	4 50	9 40
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.

*Daily. Others daily except Sunday.

p Cafe Parlor Car.

Trains of both divisions make direct connections at Navarre.

E. B. COOLIDGE, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
J. N. MERWIN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
Cleveland, Ohio.

Canton-Massillon Electric Ry—Interurban

On and after Monday, Sept. 24, 1900, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, hourly on the half hour, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

*5 30 a m	12 30 p m	6 30 p m
6 30 a m	1 30 p m	†7 30 p m
7 30 a m	2 30 p m	8 30 p m
8 30 a m	3 30 p m	9 30 p m
9 30 a m	4 30 p m	10 30 p m
10 30 a m	5 30 p m	
11 30 a m		

*Sundays excepted.

†7 10 p m at Massillon.

For special service, rates and information apply to L. O'TOOL, Asst. Supt. Canton, O., or F. H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt. Massillon, O

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.

"B. & O. System."

Taking Effect June 11, 1900.

NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 46	* No. 4.	† No. 6.	* No. 10	* No. 8.
Massillon	A. M.	A. 7 30	A10 30	P 2 30	P. 6 30
Canton	5 45	8 15	P. 12 01	4 19	7 40
Akron	6 45	9 05	1 00	4 10	8 12
Cleveland	8 15	10 20	2 10	5 45	9 25

SOUTH BOUND.

	* No. 7.	† No. 8.	* No. 5.	* No. 9.	* No. 47
Cleveland	A. 7 25	A11 00	P 9 40	P 2 35	P. 6 25
Akron	9 05	P12 20	11 00	4 10	7 35
Canton	9 41	1 08	11 40	5 44	8 40
Massillon	10 30	2 10	....	6 10	9 20

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

W. BUSBY, Agent, 40 E. Main St.

SPECIAL SERVICES.

Knights Templars at the Presbyterian Church.

AN ELOQUENT SERMON.

The New Statues of St. Peter and St. Paul are Seen for the First Time by the Congregation of St. Mary's Church—A Large Attendance at the Sunrise Prayer Meeting.

The members of Massillon Commandery, Knights Templars, in uniforms, but wearing no swords, marched in a body from their asylum, in South Erie street, Sunday morning, to the Presbyterian church, where the Rev. J. F. Clokey briefly but eloquently discoursed upon the ideas suggested by the tenth verse and first chapter of Paul's second epistle to Timothy: "But is now made more manifest by the appearance of our Savior Jesus Christ, who hath abolished death, and hath brought life and immortality to light through the gospel."

The first part of the services consisted of responsive readings between the pastor and the Templars. Mr. Clokey, in his sermon, referred to the principles of the organization as high and noble, saying that their practice means protection for the weak, help for the needy and a general movement toward the general bettering of mankind. At all times and in every place, Mr. Clokey said, the hope of a hereafter had ever been present in the human breast. But today, he said, the Christian people do not merely hope for immortality—they know, and their knowledge is based upon the assurances of Holy Writ that the grave is not the end. There is ample proof, he declared, that Christ lived, died and was resurrected. The history of these events was written by plain, honest men, and those who do not believe in their truth do not believe in the history of yesterday.

STATUES UNVEILED.

A special feature of the service at St. Mary's church on Sunday morning was the unveiling of two large statues of St. Peter and St. John, which stand at the entrance of the sanctuary. The sermon at the early mass was preached in English by the rector, the Rev. H. V. Kaempker. At the 10 o'clock high solemn mass the Rev. Father Engele, of the society of Jesuits, preached a sermon in the German language.

THE SUNRISE MEETING.

The sunrise prayer meeting, beginning at 5:30, Sunday, in the First M. E. church, was attended by more than 130 people. This service is somewhat of an innovation, having been tried for the first time last year. The interest manifested then and the surprisingly large attendance which it called forth encouraged the pastor to repeat it this Easter.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

Ninety-six Applicants Appear Before the County Board.

Ninety-six applicants for certificates as teachers appeared before the county board of examiners in Canton, last Saturday. The following were the questions asked:

HISTORY.

When and where was the Constitution framed?

Name the first and the last of the original states to ratify the Constitution.

Name the last five states admitted into the Union.

Give titles of four of the books for the collateral reading of a student of U. S. history.

What colony was called the "Old Dominion?" Why?

What two important events occurred July 4, 1863?

Give a brief history of the acquisition of Texas.

Write a short sketch of John Q. Adams.

GRAMMAR.

Define government as used in Grammar. What are the chief kinds of government?

Supply the plurals of child, cloth, Dutchman, German, Henry, monkey, genius, genus, spoonful, lord-justice.

Write the ordinals of one, two, three, forty, eight, twenty, hundred, five, four, twelve.

State three rules for the agreement of the verb with its subject, and illustrate each by a sentence.

Reduce the following sentences by abridging the subordinate clauses: The belief that there is a plurality of gods is inconsistent with reason. Nothing more completely baffles one who is full of trick and duplicity himself than straightforward, simple integrity in another. Johnson declared that wit consists in finding out resemblances.

Show by sentences the proper use of shall and should.

What is a figure of speech? What figures in the following: States, like great engines, move slowly. The year is growing old. The dish is well cooked.

Parse words in small capitals; THAT DONE, she turned to the old man WITH a lovely smile upon her face—SUCH, they said, AS THEY HAD NEVER SEEN.

ARITHMETIC.

Why is zero of great importance in our system of notation?

What is a unit of measure? Illustrate.

When it is noon at Chicago 87 degrees 36 minutes 42 seconds west, on what meridian is it 9 hours, 18 minutes, 20 seconds a. m.? 4 hours, 53 minutes, 19 seconds p. m.?

Find the edge of a cube whose surface contains 8174 square inches.

The sun's radius being 10856 per cent of the earth's radius, and the moon's radius 26.8 per cent of the earth's radius, what per cent of the sun's radius is the moon's radius?

What are the three equal rates of discount equivalent to a single rate of 48.8 per cent?

The wheels of a bicycle are 28 inches in diameter. The wheel connected with the pedals has 18 sprockets and the other wheel 8. How many miles does the rider travel, during 35 minutes, making one revolution of the pedals per second?

From 4153 take 2464 on the scale of 7.

GEOGRAPHY.

What river between Indiana and Illinois? West Virginia and Kentucky? South Carolina and Georgia? Iowa and Nebraska? Minnesota and North Dakota?

Name the largest province of Canada and give its capital.

On what water and in what state is Cardiff? Rotterdam? Monrovia? Bombay? Buenos Ayres?

What is the distance to the moon? What are igneous rocks?

Is the sun north or south of the equator? What is the length of a degree of longitude here?

Name three products of which the United States produces more than all the rest of the world.

What is meant by erosion, in its widest sense? What are its effects?

What is the density of population in the United States? Define cyclone. Avalanche.

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

What are the advantages and disadvantages of the outline method?

What method is especially suited to the teaching of geography? Why?

What would you recommend as good supplementary reading for your school?

Discuss: Why should a country school teacher aim to turn out pupils for the higher schools instead of turning out school teachers?

Too much time is given to arithmetic and the results are too meagre. How can less time be given and greater results obtained?

What are the operations of the mind as taught by psychology?

PHYSIOLOGY.

What part of the brain is enlarged chiefly in mental activity? In controlling voluntary muscular motion? What part presides over the vital processes?

What is the capacity in cubic inches of the lungs after a forced inspiration? How many cubic inches of air are taken into the lungs by an ordinary inspiration?

Name the divisions of the alimentary canal. What changes must food undergo before it becomes living tissue?

What is the use of the choroid coat of the eye?

What is the portal system?

Name five muscles and give the particular use of each.

Define hunger, fatigue and rest.

What is morphia? Name three compounds of which it forms a part.

SPELLING.

Secede, recipe, initiate, eraser, booth, culinary, liter, repetition, alum, Filipinos, alimony, depositor, ribbon, giraffe, specifying, suitable, negotiate, municipal, metropolis, vegetable, opal, hypnotism, Chautauqua, feud, epilepsy, charade, armory, purgatory, cemetery, seminary, pursue, bluing, frontier, nullify.

ENGINEERS OF NORTH END.

Strike Manager Says They Have Joined the Movement.

J. W. Cocklin, of North Lawrence, chairman of the notification committee of the coal hoisting engineers' association, was in the city Monday. Mr. Cocklin with W. E. Edwards, another member of the committee, has just returned from the north end of the district, where they conferred with men of their craft employed at the mines in that vicinity.

"The committee," said Mr. Cocklin, "was encouraged everywhere we went. To our certain knowledge every mine in the north end, as well as in this part is idle today, except at points where operators have offered to pay the price and to establish the eight-hour workday. In these instances the engineers have gone to work. The Brewster mine, north of Manchester, is an example of this kind."

He Kept His Leg.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan, of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, "but," he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Bitters and 1½ boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Bitters has no rival on earth. Try them. Z. T. Baltzly will guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Only 50 cents.

A Raging, Roaring Flood

Washed down a telegraph line which Chas. C. Ellis, of Lisbon, Ia., had to repair. "Standing waist deep in icy water," he writes, "gave me a terrible cold and cough. It grew worse daily. Finally the best doctors in Oakland, Neb., Sioux City and Omaha said I had consumption and could not live Then I began using Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by six bottles." Positively guaranteed for coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles by Z. T. Baltzly. Price 50c.

'Tis Easy to Feel Good.

Countless thousands have found a blessing to the body in Dr. King's New Life Pills, which positively cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Jaundice, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Purely vegetable; never gripe or weaken. Only 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Reduced Rates to California, Queen & Crescent.

Special reduced rates to California, Queen & Crescent route. Great opportunity to visit the Pacific coast. Quick schedules and excellent train service. Ask Queen & Crescent ticket agents or address W. C. Rinearson, G P. A., Cincinnati, for particulars.

Mrs. Gilbert and Augustin Daly.

"The pleasantest recollections of my stage life are those connected with the governor," said Mrs. John Gilbert. "We never called him Mr. Daly—that is, we older ones, who knew him well.

"He never bothered much with Jim Lewis and myself. He had more trouble with John Drew and Ada Rehan. They were young and needed looking after, you know.

"He was very set in his ways, and if he took a fancy to a piece of stage furniture he invariably introduced it into every play. He had a pair of large, dark blue majolica vases which were the bane of my life. They were always placed near a doorway in such a manner that you had to have the dreadful things always on your mind or you would run into them.

"I had complained several times to the governor and begged him to put them in the storeroom, but he had taken a fancy to them, and they remained.

"Well, one day I did knock one of them down, and it was smashed to bits. The governor never said a word, but he looked volumes. He was arranging the interior for a new play a few days later, and in one scene I had to faint on a lounge.

"'Tom,' he said to the stage hand, 'see that that lounge is good and strong, for Mrs. Gilbert is very gawky, and it would ruin the scene if she smashed it when she fainted.'

"That was all, but I knew that he knew how that vase was broken."—New York Herald.

Confiscation In Morocco.

It is a custom in Morocco that all the property of an official reverts at death to the crown. The logic which leads to such a result is simple, for the government argues that all fortunes thus accumulated consist of moneys illegally retained by the authorities. A governor when appointed is probably possessed of no considerable fortune. When he dies, he may be a millionaire. Whence came his wealth? Squeezed most certainly from the tribes under his authority and therefore amassed only by the prerogatives of the position in which the sultan had placed him. It has never struck the Moorish government that these great fortunes might more honorably be returned to the people from whom they were stolen. The result is entire confiscation to the crown, including often such private property as his governor may have been possessed of before his appointment and not seldom, too, of the property of his relatives.

When the mighty fall in Morocco, the crash brings down with them their families, even uncles and cousins and all connected with them, and it is not seldom that the sons of great governors, who have been brought up in the luxury of slaves and horses and retinues of mounted men, have to go begging in the streets.—Blackwood.

A Sauerkraut Trust.

Trusts, trades unions and strikes are rapidly becoming important factors of German business life. From Magdeburg we hear of the formation of a "sauerkraut trust," formed for the avowed purpose of raising the price of that commodity from $3.30 to $4 a hogshead. In Dresden the American Tobacco company acquired the Jasmassi cigarette factory, one of the largest in Europe, and made offers for several other large plants. This move has caused considerable stir in the tobacco trade, and there is some talk of a combine to oppose the inroads of the American company.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Dr. Fenner's
Blood and Liver
Remedy and
Nerve Tonic.

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Headaches, Dizziness, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Liver Complaint, Skin Eruptions, Scrofula, "Blues," etc.

For sale by Druggists everywhere. 50c & $1.

ST. VITUS' DANCE. A Sure Cure. Send for Circular with Testimonials to M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

For sale by
Z. T. BALTZLY.

Fire Attributed to Brass Polish.

H. H. Hornsby, superintendent of the electrical inspection department of Chicago, and the police central station have been investigating the fires which have been discovered in a clothing store. On several occasions the fire department has been called to extinguish flames discovered in this store. At first it was reported that crossed electric wires had caused the fire. Inspector Hornsby found that no wires in the place had been crossed. It was found that a powder used by an employee in polishing the brass plates in the store window had been sifted through perforations in the brass and that the powder had caused spontaneous combustion.

To Hunt Polar Bear.

"Buffalo" Jones, a friend of Colonel Cody, has received an offer from the national government to go to the arctic regions next summer and capture a polar bear. Two years ago "Buffalo" Jones hunted for moose in the arctic regions and lived on bear meat for two months. He says he can secure some fine specimens of polar bear. He will start on his trip about May 1.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., Chicago.

Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.
Rider & Snyder, 2 East Main St.

Latest Neckwear

One of the Largest Lines ever shown in Massillon.

Little Beauty Reversible
....4-in-Hands....

1⅜ in. in width. Built on correct principles to wear with any style collar. Suitable for men or women.

New Bows, Knot Scarfs, Bat Wings, Club House and Junior Ties and Windsors.

New Shades New Designs and Figures. New Spots New Squares.

POPULAR PRICES:
25 and 50 cents.
D[illegible]l's Hat, Glove and Shirt Store
4 East Main.

People read the advertisements in a live newspaper. Moral Advertise in THE INDEPENDENT.

THE BEE HIVE THE BEE HIVE

Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Etc.
Everything to Cover the Floor.

OUR immense carpet stock merits your attention when you are disposing of the question of floor coverings. The lines we show are so extensive and so complete that you cannot afford to miss seeing them. Come in and let us tell you all about carpets.

CARPETS.

AXMINSTERS. A large line of new patterns to select from. They are used mostly for fine parlor carpets.

BODY BRUSSELS in great variety of new designs and colorings. The most serviceable of carpetings.

VELVET BRUSSELS. In these we show a fine selection of the newest designs and color effects. There are more than twenty-five different patterns to choose from.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS. We show a very extensive line—not less than fifty different patterns. Prices from 50c a yard up.

INGRAINS. We make a specialty of these goods and this season have an unusually large pattern assortment to show. There are **All Wool Extra Supers, Cotton Chains** and **Unions** in the most beautiful colorings and designs. Other yard wide goods are well represented—**Hemps, Granites, Rags, etc.**

RUGS.

In room size rugs we have a large assortment of **Wilton Velvets, Axminsters, Smyrnas** and **Body Brussels.** The smaller size rugs make an immense showing. We have them in **Wiltons, Axminsters** and **Smyrnas.**

We Make Room Size Rugs. Our facilities for making rugs are unequalled. Select any carpet with border and we will guarantee entirely satisfactory results.

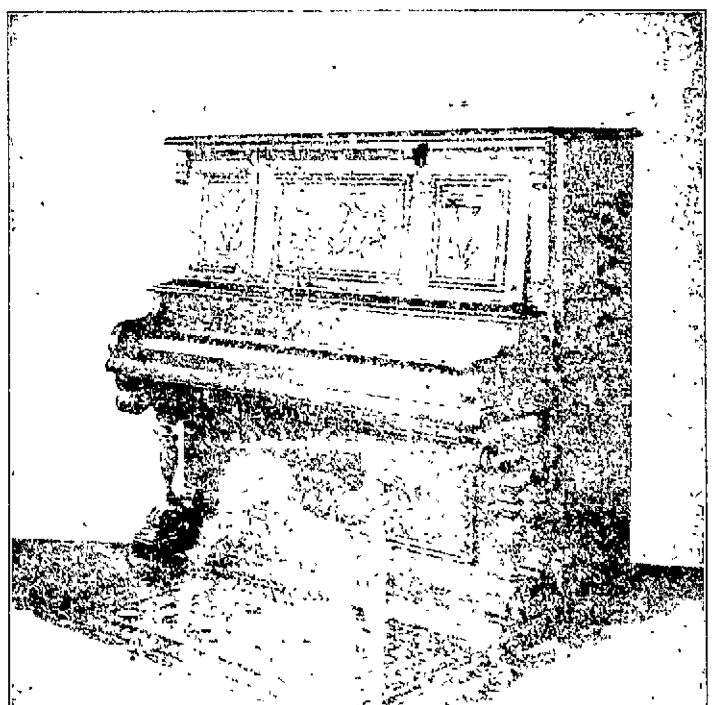
MATTINGS.

China Mattings in all grades. All our China mattings are jointless and either side may be used. Prices from 12½c up.

Japanese Mattings, all qualities and different patterns. Prices 25c to 50c a yard.

Linoleums. We present the largest line we have ever shown. Different qualities and from one to four yards wide. We want to impress you with the beauty of the patterns—large floral designs and beautiful colorings. The effect is the same as that of a fine carpet.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.



Meuser Bros.
Opening
Sale of...
Pianos
—AND—
Organs

We have taken the agency for the

Lindeman, Wessell, Heller and Dunham Pianos
——AND——
....Lawrence and Chicago Cottage Organs....

To introduce them, we will sell at cost for the next 60 days. If you are thinking of buying, don't miss this opportunity. We have no 1900 styles; all new and up-to-date. Our Mr. Meuser has been to New York to select the stock. We buy for spot cash, that is why we can sell cheap. Greatest value for the money ever known.

New Upright Piano, Stool and Scarf..........$139.00
New Six Octave Organ and Stool..........$49.00
Cash or Easy Terms.

Call and see us. We will surprise you in bargains. You are welcome whether you buy or not.

Pianos and Organs tuned and repaired. Old instruments made like new.

MEUSER BROS.,
Piano Manufacturers.
88-90 North Erie St. Next to New Armory.
New Phone 334. MASSILLON, O.

MUST ACT AT ONCE.

Foltz Wants Trustees to End Controversy.

CAST LOTS FOR THE JOB.

He Suggests That as a Satisfactory Adjustment, and if This is Not Allowed He Will Insist Upon His Campaign Expenses Being Borne by the Township—Notes of Other Candidates and Ex-Candidates.

R C Foltz, Republican, who tied with Edmund Stark, Democrat, for the office of township ditch supervisor, drove in from Richville, Wednesday. "I have told these township trustees," said he, "that they have got to let Stark and I draw cuts to decide this tie, or they've got to pay us the money we spent in our campaign My expense statement filed with the clerk shows that I spent $6, and I don't intend to lose it The trustees say that the township does not need a ditch supervisor, and that they are not responsible that voting for candidates for the office was allowed But I say that they are, for in their notices as to what officers were to be elected, they plainly said one ditch supervisor."

State Senator Wilhelm, of Justus, candidate for renomination on the Republican ticket, is in the city today. The senator is not disturbed over the fight the Anti-Saloon League is making on him. "I am as much a temperance man as a good many of those who are working against me," said he, "but I am not a crank."

G. W. Brown, of Louisville, who will oppose Mr. Wilhelm at the primary election, is also a Massillon visitor today. Mr. Brown is a veteran of the civil war and at the office of the pension board, where he chanced to call, he met several persons who were of his regiment, and whom he had not seen since the close of the war

Street Commissioner Helline has disposed of several of his horses and wagons to his successor, C C Evans, who will assume charge of the office next Tuesday.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Michael Bar to be Tried Next Tuesday.

Postmaster Frease and several clerks employed in the local postoffice went to Cleveland yesterday to appear as witnesses in the United States district court in the trial of Michael Bar, charged with misappropriating money. The trial was postponed until next Tuesday.

Louis Myers, of Chicago, who will have charge of the construction of the Canton-Akron electric railway, will arrive in the city this week, and operations will begin at once. The work is to be commenced at the Canton corporation line and pushed forward as rapidly as men and teams can do it. The directors say that orders have been placed for a number of cars to be used on the line and that the road material, such as rails and ties, will be purchased soon.

The Canton Pottery Company has sold its plant, near the village of Waco, to Thomas Turnbull, of Pittsburg, for $28,050

Samuel Lefile has brought suit against the Bonnot Company for $10,000 damages He alleges that last November he was ordered by the foreman with two other men to move a casting from the chipping room to the blacksmith shop, on a truck running on an iron track, that by reason of the unevenness of the ground in the shop and the small force who were helping him, the casting fell on him and crushed his left leg and foot and badly injured his arm, hand and back.

In the guardianship of Dora B. Siffert, of Bethlehem township,, appraisement and bond have been approved, private sale of real estate ordered and confirmed and the application of the guardian for authority to purchase granted.

In the guardianship of Jacob Kurtz, of Bethlehem township, the petition to mortgage wards real estate has been filed and the notice ordered.

The will of William B. Kilgore, of Sugarcreek township, has been filed for probate.

Final account has been filed in the estate of Margaret McNeal, of Tuscarawas township.

In the estate of Anna B. Walter, of Tuscarawas township, inventory and appraisement has been filed and also the petition for the sale of real estate.

Sale bill has been filed in the estate of Jacob Kenney, of Bethlehem township.

Exceptions have been overruled and the account approved in the guardianship of William H. Tritt, of Massillon.

In the estate of Louisa Winold, of Massillon, petition for authority to improve real estate has been filed and the notice ordered.

Marriage licenses have been issued to George Winold and Miss Daisy Daniel, and Thomas O Yost and Miss Lilian M. Graham, of Massillon.

The following grand and petit jurors were drawn this morning

Grand Jurors—Daniel Wolfe, Bethlehem township; Joseph Evans, Pike; William Welker, Perry; John Fierstos, Jackson; Andrew Miller, Lawrence; Aaron Brobst, Alliance; J. V. Coloren, Canton; Josiah Clutz, Massillon; Cornelius Bucher, Canton; William Christman, Tuscarawas township; William E Marshal, Lexington township, William Schlabach Canton; Charles Artle, Massillon; Homer Neigig, Canton; R. E. Wilson, of Sandy.

Petit Jury Frank Kriehbaum, Lake; George Lozier, Washington; Hiram Doll, Canton; William Corns, Pike; Anton Crone, Massillon; Andrew Robinson, Sandy; T. S Laiblin, Canton; Daniel Yoder, Canton; Isaac McWaite, Canton; David P. Merwin, Massillon; B. B. Delbert, Canton, Levi Sommers, Plain, G. W. Culver, Massillon, Tobias Schott, Massillon; J. V. Mong, Paris, John Krause, Canton, L. B. Shirk, Nimishillen, Joseph Weaver, Canton; J. Lichtenwalter, Canton, Frank Bixby, Plain, Joseph Leonard, Canton; J. E. Sheets, Plain; Jacob Zinsmaster, Bethlehem; William Hollenbach, Sugarcreek; Jerry Hissong, Massillon; John Switzer, Marlboro, William Strayer, Canton

In the estate of Sarah May Meyers, of Sugarcreek township, sale bill has been filed, sale of real estate confirmed, deed ordered and continued for distribution.

In the estate of John Williamson, of Massillon, the widow elects to take under the will.

A marriage license has been granted to Alvin Rininger and Mary Albright, of Canal Fulton.

If troubled by a weak digestion, loss of appetite, or constipation, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box warranted. For sale by Z. T Baltzly, Rider & Snyder and E. S. Craig.

The Game of Skat.

An illustrated treatise on this popular German game has just been issued by the passenger department of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. The rules of the game revised to bring them up to date are given, and those interested in Skat will find it an instructive publication. A copy may be obtained by sending ten (10) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

TO COST $61,600.

Permits for Many Buildings Since Mar. 1.

THE PLANS OF S. BURD.

Will Replace the Heckman Property in West Charles Street With a Two Story Structure, and Will Arrange It Into Flats—The Building History of March and April.

Since March 1 twenty-two building permits have been issued by City Clerk Seaman, and the aggregate cost of the proposed structures is estimated at $61,600. During the past ten days the permits taken out have averaged more than one a day, and they are for buildings which, in the aggregate, will represent nearly $14,000. With but a few exceptions all of the permits are for dwellings, a number of which are now under course of construction.

The March permits were taken out by the following citizens: Charles M. Wise, for a building to cost $1,900; D. Jones, $800; P. Wilhelm, $900; J. Sheehan, $800; G. R. Hankins, $1,000; John Meinhart & Son, $30,000; G. R. Hankins, $1,000; A. D. Volkmor, $600, B. Bechtel, $1,500; William Schrock, $1,100; J. McIsaacs, $1,200; R. B. Crawford, $2,500, C. E. Oberlin, $1,500.

The April list follows: L. Meuser, $1,200; Z. T. Shoemaker, $800; Mrs. M. M. Swan, $600; W. A. Pietzcker, cost unknown; S. Burd, $7,000; Z. T. Shoemaker, $800; S. Burd, $4,500; Miss Clara Snyder, $500; J. Schott, $1,800.

Mr. Schott took out his permit Tuesday afternoon. He will erect a dwelling of seven rooms, 28x30 feet, in East Cherry street. It will be completed by August 10.

Mr. Burd's $7,000 apartment house has already been described. The building to cost $4,500 will also be made into flats. It will be located in West Charles street, and will occupy the lot on which what is known as the Heckman property now stands. The structure is to be of brick, two stories high, and will contain three suites of rooms. Emil Converse, of Navarre, has the contract for the erection of the building.

Seat sale for "Arizona" opens at Bahney's on Saturday morning.

Abt's THE Women's Store.

LACE CURTAINS.

Lace Curtains at 59c a pair, but we don't ask anybody to buy them. It's better judgment to pay a little more. Say $1.00 a pair if you want something inexpensive and at the same time good.

Lace Curtains $1.50 and $2.00 a pair that you see at a glance can't be matched under $2.50 and $3.00 a pair.

Ruffled Muslin Curtains—good and well made—full liberal Rufflles, 75c, 98c, $1.50 up to $3 00 a pair.

Abt's 15 & 17 East Main St.

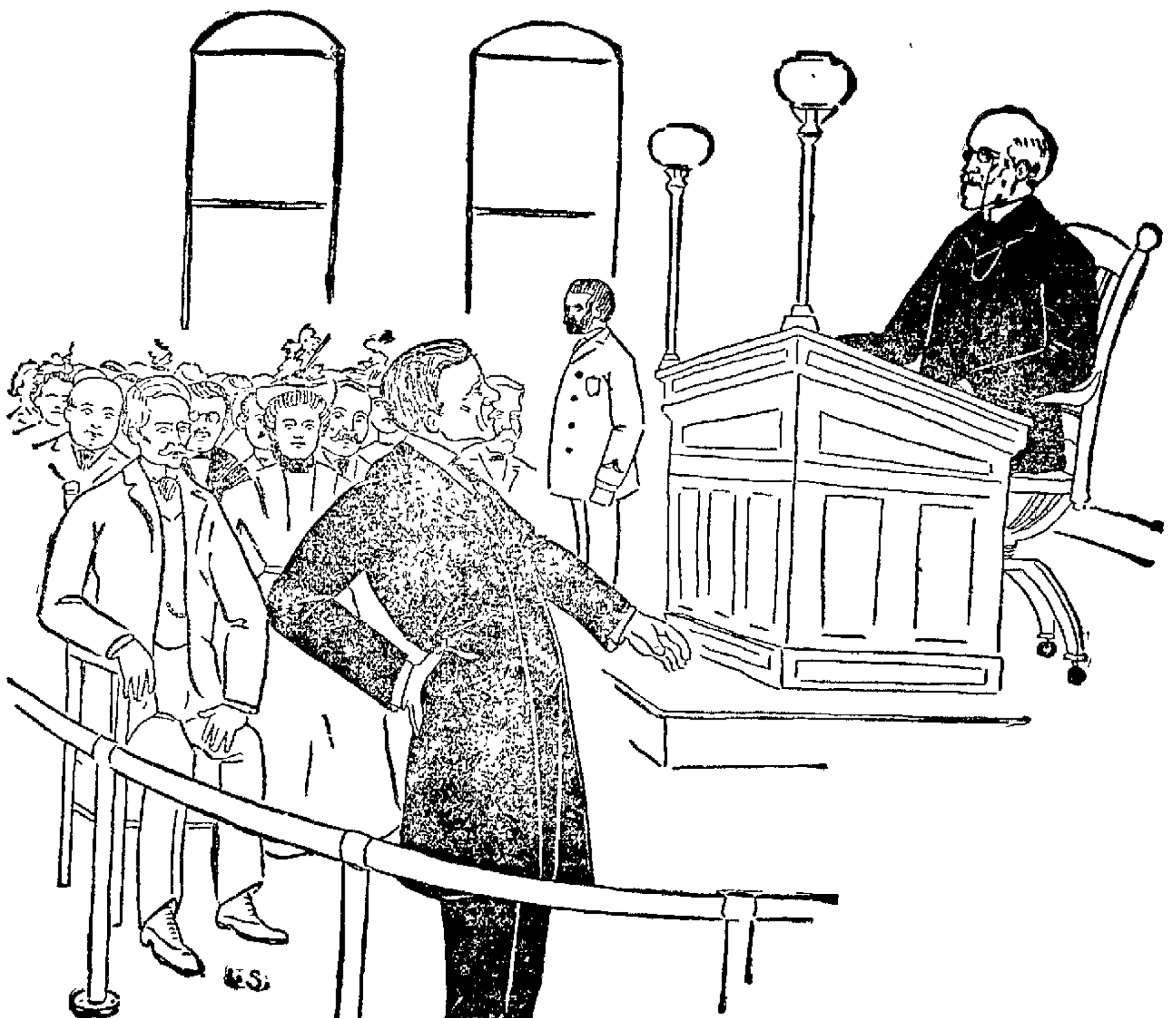
Millinery

Ladies You will do well to call and examine our goods and prices before making your Spring and Summer Millinery purchase. We can show you all the new creations in fine Millinery at lowest prices.

Miss M. E. Foster,

Cor. Erie and Tremont Sts. Opp. Hotel Sailer

People read the advertisements in a live newspaper. Moral Advertise in THE INDEPENDENT.



TRIED BY TIME!

Test and testimony—the test of time—the testimony of people you know. Public proof, plain, straightforward statements given many years after, when time has tried the cure—gladly they add to the former endorsement of

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

No more lame backs—no more weak backs—no more aching backs. 'Tis well to be cured of backache—of urinary troubles—diabetes—and it's better to stay cured Doan's Kidney Pills cure every kidney ill from a bad back to Diabetes. Every form of bladder and urinary disorder and the cure lasts. Here is proof of it:

MASSILLON TESTIMONY.

NORTH ST.

Mr. John Haag, councilman of the fourth ward, residing at 316 North street, says: "With the passing of time I have learned to value Doan's Kidney Pills more highly today than I did in 1896, when I first publicly gave my experience with and opinion of that remedy. Not only can I testify to the thoroughness of the cure effected upon myself, but I know of many others who have reason to be thankful that such a remedy as Doan's Pills exist. My emphatic advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint or backache is to go to Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, procure Doan's Kidney Pills, take a course of the treatment and the results will inevitably follow."

Hotel Conrad.

Mr. T. B. Arnold, proprietor of Hotel Conrad, says:

"In the summer of 1896 I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store and used them for a miserable backache which caught me across the loins every time I stooped or brought any strain on the muscles of the back. The treatment cured me, and I made public through our newspapers my experience with, and opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills four years afterwards. I don't think I can do a greater kindness to the ordinary traveling man or any of my fellow citizens in Massillon than to tell them that cure has been permanent and that if they suffer at all from backache or any of the consequence of kidney trouble try Doan's Kidney Pills."

E. PLUM ST.

Mrs. E. M. Shufelt, of 76 Plum street, says: "Lapse of time has given me no cause to change my mind about Doan's Kidney Pills. My experience with, and opinion of which I first expressed through our Massillon papers in the summer of 1896, after getting a supply at Baltzly's drug store and taking a course of the treatment. Should I at any time in the future have a recurrence I now know what course to pursue."

RICHVILLE AVE.

Mrs. Emanuel Swier, of 35 Richville avenue, says: "There are some medicines like proven friends, the longer we know them the greater our appreciation. Doan's Kidney Pills stand at the head of the list. Mr. Swier testified to the value of this remedy in the summer of 1896 a short time after getting a supply at Baltzly's drug store, and taking a course of the treatment. He had overtaxed his back, and kidney trouble followed. Doan's Kidney Pills cured him. He just as enthusiastically endorses the remedy today as he did when it was first brought to his notice."

S. ERIE ST.

Mrs. Thomas Hagan, of 328 South Erie street, says: "I just as emphatically endorse Doan's Kidney Pills today, and it is nearly four years since I got my first box at Baltzly's drug store, as I did in 1896, when I publicly expressed my opinions through our Massillon papers about that remarkable remedy. When Doan's Kidney Pills cure, they cure radically."

GRAPE STREET.

Mrs. John L. Schandel, of Grape street, says:

"Mr Schandel's faith in Doan's Kidney Pills is even greater today than it was in 1896, when, after procuring a supply at Baltzly's drug store he told the people of Massillon through our newspapers that they had cured him of an attack of inflammation of the bladder. Not only does Mr. Schandel emphatically endorse Doan's Kidney Pills but he knows of a great many in the shops who are just as enthusiastic about the results obtained from that remedy."

NORTH GRANT ST.

Mr. J. A. Flynn, of 38 North Grant street, with Bloomberg Brothers, clothiers and gentlemen's furnishing goods, says: "It is worth considerable to any resident of Massillon to know the value of Doan's Kidney Pills. When they cure they cure absolutely, at least this was so in my case. I took a course of the treatment in the summer of 1896, getting the pills at Baltzly's drug store. A short time after I was pleased to testify to that fact through our Massillon papers Almost four years from that date, it affords me just as much pleasure to corroborate what I said at that time, and to re-endorse that preparation."

Get what you ask for. Get DOAN'S. Don't accept something "just as good." Most druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills and will give you what you call for. Some may endeavor to substitute an article they make more profit on. Insist on having the genuine. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y.